The La Crosse Tribune

VOLUME XII, NUMBER 97. LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1915. PRICE TWO CENTS

PARADE WITH 2,000 MEN IN LINE OPENS LABOR CELEBRATION

WORKERS' BIGGEST DEMONSTRATION IS HOLIDAY FEATURE

Picnic Is Held According to Old Custom at Old Shooting Park Following Arrival of Marchers

MAYOR AND SENATOR SPEAK

Program of Sports and Games to Enliven Day; Parade Sets New Record for the City

Organized labor celebrated today with the parade and picnic which has become a customary feature of every Labor day observance in La Crosse. More than two thousand workers in the procession which inaugurated the day's festivities marched through the downtown district and the residence section, out to the Old Shooting park at the south end of West avenue, where the picnic was held. There, this afternoon, Mayor A. A. Bentley and Senator Otto Bosshard were scheduled to address them, and a program of athletic contests and baseball games was to enliven their holiday.

Parade Sets Record

The parade which featured the morning hours of Labor day was conceded to be the best effort that organized labor in La Crosse has produced so far in the line of demonstrations. It was nine blocks long, divided into three sections, each headed by a band. And in the line were representatives of every union in the city, an imposing array of toilers, each with the badge of his loyalty displayed on his breast.

Nearly every union had some distinctive mark or uniform worn by each of the marchers, which added variety to the spectacle of the marching workers. The long procession of brewery workers wore blue shirts, with white suspenders sustaining khaki trousers. The painters were clad in white trousers and jackets, with white caps. Each carried a yard stick, and their section of the parade was headed by a gorgeously flower-bedecked automobile, in which rode the officers of the local.

New Union Marches.

The printers, in addition to their badges, wore each a big yellow sunflower. Their ranks were followed by members of the newest union to be organized in La Crosse, the pressmen.

The oldest union worker in the parade was Fred Schuelke, a brewery worker. He is 68, although still hale and hearty. Mr. Schuelke, owing to his advanced years, was not on foot, but with two other members of the city's unions who are physically unable to stand the fatigue of a long march, rode in state on a truck which carried members of the Individual Team-owners' union. There were three trucks carrying members of the latter union.

Prominent in the parade was a contingent of the locked-out employes of the rubber mills. They carried banners declaring themselves affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and announcing that they still insisted upon the right to organize.

A platoon of police headed the procession, followed by a band, and then officers and delegates to the trades and labor council.

LABOR PEACEFUL IN FIGHT SAYS MAYOR BENTLEY

City Executive Draws Picture of Great Army Working Peacefully for Uplift at Labor Picnic

PREDICTS RIGHT SOLUTION

Labor and Capital Both Attaining Fairer Attitude Toward Each Other

A picture of labor as a great peaceful army, fighting its battles for uplift of its members with moderation, secure in its dignity and honor, was drawn by Major A. Bentley today, in his speech at the Labor day picnic at the old shooting park.

"The great heart of labor," said the mayor, "is not selfish; it is not bitter; it is not warlike. It loves peace. It is pledged as an organization to fight its own great battle by peaceful methods, by educational work, by argument, by reason and by service."

Insists Upon Fairness

That organized labor insists upon justice and fairness from its members no less than from the employer was Mr. Bentley's declaration, and he predicted a solution of the present labor problem with capital displaying a sympathetic interest in labor and labor in capital.

"Labor Day is one of the conspicuous and unique holidays of this present Christian civilization. It is conspicuous because it is a day upon which we have brought to our attention one of the great forces influencing and directing society, government and nations. It is unique because the present civilization has been responsible for its observance. It is a holiday dedicated to the aspirations of a great, toiling, thoughtful army. It is a day dedicated to a great purpose, and our thought lingers over the analysis of this hopeful, peaceful, organized, ambitious army.

Labor is Peaceful

"We may point out one fact that should greatly influence the thought of the world today in summing up an estimation of this general movement, and that is, in spite of all other emotions the great heart of labor is peaceful, and it cannot be said of organized labor that they believe in the principal of force or that they believe it is right to settle vital questions of differences by force, and we have before us today a conspicuous, gratifying, hopeful, exhilarating picture of the greatest army in the world, supporting the greatest cause, fighting peacefully to win the world.

"It is the more conspicuous today because the world is witnessing a titanic struggle between the powers to settle their differences by might and by the sword, hideously and recklessly disregarding the thought of righteousness, of Christianity, of man's birthright; with the force and power of the dollar, without peaceful argument or explanation, in the frenzy of money mad brains, they have grappled one with the other to settle, let me say, in my own judgment—a lesser problem than that which, a short time ago, faced the Federation of Labor.

Capital Lends Ear

"The reward for this peaceful fight is surely coming. We note with interest the great money powers of our country lending ear to the explanation of the demand of labor. There are hopeful signs in the horizon in which floats the dark cloud of the conflict between capital and labor. From out of this darkness we see hopeful lights. We see the mind, the thought, the conscience, and the hand of those controlling organized and concentrated money showing an interest in the great cause of labor; not alone an interest suggested and nourished by sympathy, but we see an interest shown for purely economic reasons.

"The passing of laws reducing the liability to accident and disease, shortening of hours, and furnishing many protective means have all been brought about through the efforts of organized labor. Safety appliances, sanitary conditions and many improvements that have effected the efficiency of the service rendered have not only been a blessing to the laborer, but a means of greater profit to the employer. Many things have been accomplished through the efforts of organized labor, which after scientific investigation or study, made certain recommendations resulting in the bringing about of improved conditions.

Help For Members

"They have also through the system of payment of insurance, sick benefits, out of work benefits, paid out many millions of dollars and have contributed materially to the happiness and comfort of the unfortunate families and dependents

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FOREIGN MARKETS

Kansas City Livestock

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000; market steady. Steers, $8.75 to $10; cows and heifers, $4.25 to $9.50; stockers and feeders, $6.00 to $8.25; calves, $6.00 to $10.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market strong, 10c higher. Bulk, $7.15 to $7.75; heavy, $7.00 to $7.60; medium, $7.25 to $7.75; light, $7.40 to $7.80.

Sheep—Receipts, 18,000; market steady. Lambs, $8.25 to $8.65; ewes, $5.50 to $6.00; stockers and feeders, $5.00 to $8.55.

Chicago Livestock

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Sept. 6.—Hogs—Receipts, 28,000; market light, strong; mixed and butchers, $8.35 to $8.10; good heavy, $6.50 to $7.70; rough heavy, $6.10 to $6.25; light $7.35 to $8.15; jigs, $7 to $8.

Cattle—Receipts, 16,000; market 10c lower; beeves, $6.20 to $10.30; cows and heifers, $3.10 to $8.65; Texans, $6.50 to $6.70; calves, $8 to $12.

Sheep—Receipts, 11,000; market steady; native, $5.50 to $5.90; western, $5.60 to $6; lambs, $6.60 to $8.70; western, $6.75 to $9.

LABOR'S GRAND OLD MAN



Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor for many years, under whose guidance organized labor in the United States has made the successful progress which is being celebrated all over the country today.

SIXTEEN MEXICANS DIE IN BATTLE WITH U. S. SOLDIERS ON BORDER

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Sept. 6.—Sixteen Mexicans are known to be dead and as many wounded in the battle between Mexicans and United States cavalrymen and Texas regulars at Mission Saturday afternoon. One cavalryman was wounded.

All United States troops were ordered to arms at Fort Brown Saturday night, an organized invasion at some point on the lower border being feared.

In the fight Saturday, the Mexicans withdrew from the south bank of the Rio Grande and hid in the brush. The battle was waged practically the entire day, the two forces firing at each other across the Rio Grande at a point four miles west of Old Hidalgo, Texas.

The injured American was John Salvini, private in Troop D, Third cavalry, who sustained a serious wound in the left hip. He was taken to Mission, Texas.

Private Frank R. McCoy, who commanded the American forces, returned to Mission Saturday night.

Earlier unofficial reports on Saturday placed the Mexican dead at twenty-five to thirty. The number of Mexicans engaged was placed at forty.

When the fight ended the Americans were in possession of three crossings between Mexico and Texas in the vicinity of Mission. Hidalgo is eighty-four miles west of Brownsville. The Mexicans made no attempt to cross the river.

Sabbath Quiet

Early reports today indicated that the Sabbath had been observed along the border by a practical cessation of hostilities. Four or five Mexicans are known to have been killed and several wounded as the result of sniping operations at various points. In every case, it was reported, the Mexicans took the initiative in resuming hostilities.

Mexicans Thought Carranzistas

It has been definitely established at least to the satisfaction of American soldiers and civilization here, that the Mexicans who took part in the all-day battle at Mission Saturday were members of the Carranzista army. Not only did they wear the constitutionalist uniform, but soldiers on this side of the river, heard a bugle blow the reveille on the Mexican side, close to where the Mexicans were stationed during the fighting. It is also stated on good authority that the commanding officer at Reynosa, Mexico, asked the Americans to cease firing until the Mexicans could bury their dead.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—American and Mexican troops were near a clash today near Mission, Texas, General Funston reported.

Leaders on both sides were taking steps to prevent it.

Funston said armed detachments "faced each other across the river in danger of conflict."

KENOSHA MAN KILLED

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 6.—David Cameron, a former Kenosha man, was killed in an accident at Eaufalla, Wash., last Tuesday.

OLD RESIDENT DEAD

WAUSAU, Wis., Sept. 6.—Louis Tellier, aged 93 years, was found dead in bed at a hotel in Junction City. He wandered away from the city Thursday afternoon.

Weather

Forecast for La Crosse and vicinity: Fair tonight and probably Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday.

For Wisconsin: Fair west; unsettled east portion tonight. Tuesday fair with warmer east and south portions.

Stage of River

	Stage.	Change.
St. Paul	3.4	—0.3
Red Wing	2.6	—0.1
Reeds Landing	3.1	0.0
La Crosse	12	0.0
Lansing	3.8	0.0
Prairie du Chien	3.4	—0.1

River Forecast

The river stages will not change materially during the next few days.

TAG HARVEST IS UP TO PROPHECY OF THE MANAGERS

More Than $1,200 Collected on Most Successful Day in History of Similar Events

SURPASSES EXPECTATION

Board of Trade Health Chairman Thanks the Tag Day Workers for Their Efforts

Expectations of the Tag Day managers, expressed Saturday afternoon, that Tag Day would make a record this year, were fulfilled when the receipts were counted that evening, after the tagging had concluded. The visiting nurse fund is richer by $1,281.88 as the result of Tag Day. In previous years the amount has ranged between $750 and $1,000, managers of the Tag Day campaign declared Saturday evening.

The north side share in the collection was $148.75. Last year the north side contributed $100 to the visiting nurse.

When the Tag Day boxes were emptied out upon a table at the Y. M. C. A. for counting Saturday evening, more than 13,000 pieces of money were in the heap. More than 11,000 tags and banners were sold to men, women and children, and most of the collections were small amounts. No large money was paid for tags excepting nine amounts of from two to ten dollars. The 13,000 pieces of money ranged all the way from one dollar to one cent.

F. H. Scofield, chairman of the board of trade health committee, authorized a statement this morning thanking all who took part in the Tag Day campaign.

The statement concluded:

"The committee also wishes to express its admiration of the splendid work of the ladies on Tag Day, under the efficient management of Mrs. F. C. Suiter chairman, and Miss Helen Dorset, assistant, through whose untiring effort the Tag Day program was so wisely planned and successfully carried out."

The success of the campaign on the north side was due in no small degree to the earnest co-operation of the Boy Scouts of the north side, said Mrs. Frank W. Allen, chairman of the north side Tag Day campaign, this morning.

MAN FOUND DEAD

DEPERE, Wis., Sept. 6.—L. Lehman of Appleton was found dead in a grove in the northern part of this city Sunday morning by picnickers.

PHILADELPHIA DOCKS

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 6.—The American liner Philadelphia arrived today from New York.

LINER TORPEDOED OFF ENGLISH COAST SINKS ON WAY TO PORT AMERICANS IN CREW UNINJURED

JUDGMENT SUSPENDED ON HESPERIAN CASE LONDON SEES BAD FAITH

GERMAN FAITH IS BROKEN WITH U. S. LONDON OPINION

Press Avers Germany Does Not Intend to Keep the Pledge Not to Torpedo Liners Unwarned

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The London press almost unanimously expressed the opinion today that Germany by attacking the liner Hesperian has broken faith with the United States and has shown she does not intend to keep her pledge, not to torpedo liners without warning.

News of the attack on the liner was received only a few hours after the London newspapers appeared with a letter from First Lord of the Admiralty Balfour, who officially recognized Germany's latest announcement regarding a change in submarine tactics. Balfour said he believed Germany was sincere in her statement and declared the heavy casualties among the "U" boats probably was responsible for the change in policy.

SITUATION GRAVE BUT WILSON WILL AWAIT DETAILS

Officialdom Does Not Believe Germany Has Repudiated Guarantee of Unwarned Attacks

(By Charles P. Stewart, United Press Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Awaiting complete reports on the supposed torpedoing of the Allen liner Hesperian, President Wilson and Secretary Lansing suspended judgment and action today.

None of the tension and anxiety which followed the Arabic incident were observable. Officialdom did not discount the new situation's gravity, as bearing on prospective settlement of the German-American submarine controversy, but the general view was that it was inconceivable that Germany had repudiated her formal guarantee against unwarned "U" boat attacks on passenger liners.

Arrangements were made today for an early conference between Secretary Lansing and Ambassador Bernstorff, the latter being scheduled to arrive here during the day.

That subsequent details of the Hesperian incident would furnish a satisfactory explanation was the hope and belief in official circles.

American Consul Frost's report from Queenstown that the Hesperian carried a small bore gun aft was deemed likely to figure in developments, probably to Germany's advantage.

That no American lives were lost also tempered the gravity of the case, though it was agreed that it did not affect the principles involved. Secretary Lansing today cabled Ambassador Page for full details of the affair. Statements from the Americans on the Hesperian and further advices from Consul Frost, Queenstown, were expected.

The White house and Secretary Lansing refused comment on the case. Every indication was that a waiting policy would be adopted, with confidence that a new rupture with Berlin would be avoided.

UNKNOWN PLUNGES TO DEATH FROM THE WAGON BRIDGE

Well-dressed Man of 35 Leaps Into River After Pacing Bridge About Midnight

A man who has as yet not been identified by the police jumped into the Mississippi from the lower side of the wagon bridge at 11:30 o'clock last night and is believed to have ended his life.

He is said to have been about thirty-five years of age. He was smooth shaven, weighed between 150 and 160 pounds and was about five feet six inches in height, according to Henry Kathary, bridge tender, who saw the man leap to his death.

Kathary noticed a well dressed stranger strolling up and down the walk past his office late last night.

"He wore a despondent look," said Kathary, "and I was afraid something would happen. He seemed to be waiting for someone, from the way he looked up and down the bridge. I think he walked past my office, both ways, six or seven times. I would have spoken to him, but he plainly showed that he did not want to be disturbed.

"The man was well dressed," said Kathary, "wearing a brown well made suit of clothes. For a time I stood outside of my shanty, watching his queer movements, and then I went inside.

Hears Splash

"I had seated myself," said Kathary, "when I heard a splash. I ran to the bridge railing and saw the man's form in the water below. From the noise which his body made in striking the stream, I judged that he was not an expert diver, and that he was partially stunned when he struck."

As Kathary telephoned Central police station, two boys who are not known put out from Johnson's boat livery in a canoe. Again going to the rail, Kathary saw what he thought to be a feeble attempt on the part of the suicide to swim to the wooden extension peer.

Several frantic strokes by the canoeists brought them nearly within reach of the drowning man. He suddenly disappeared. Night patrolmen, dispatched to the bridge, could do nothing.

The stream under the bridge, running about seven or eight miles an hour, carried the body swiftly down. His head was seen to disappear as the man neared the end of the extension pier.

There were no other persons on the wagon bridge when the man plunged from the bridge.

Not Local Man?

"I never saw the man before," said Kathary today, "and it is my opinion that he does not reside in La Crosse. I never saw such an expression of grief, despondency, or whatever it may be called, upon a man's face before. He seemed to pay no attention to where he was, and he acted as though he did not know I was looking at him."

No attempt has yet been made to find the body, and the police have no clue to the man's identity. The body, it is believed, was carried far down stream.

AUSTRIAN ENVOY PLANNED STRIKE IN U. S. PLANTS?

Papers Found on Man in London Said to Indicate Ambassador to America in the Plot

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6. — If these were ordinary times, there would be an excellent chance that the state department would ask the Austrian government to recall Ambassador Dumba, officials here said, confidentially today.

The ambassador, according to unofficial information received in Washington, does not deny that among the papers seized by the British authorities on James F. Archibald, an American newspaper man arrested in London, was a communication from the ambassador to the Vienna foreign office discussing a plan for calling out all Austrians and Hungarians employed in steel and munition plants in the United States.

The administration is admittedly so unwilling to take any action that would give an European belligerent an impression of the slightest unneutral American leaning that the state department is believed sure to accept even in a semi-official explanation from the dual monarchy's diplomatic representatives.

This was authoritatively stated, on the actual merits of the case. However, authorities on questions of diplomatic usage said Dr. Dumba's view that he was within his rights would almost certainly have made him persona non grata in Washington.

It was understood the ambassador's alleged activities furnished the basis of recent charges by President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, that foreign interests were fomenting trouble in several industrial lines in this country.

Nobody at the white house or state department would discuss the case officially in advance of fuller information but it was understood Archibald's passport undoubtedly would be revoked if the British made good their charges against him.

HESPERIAN FALLS TO SUBMARINE OFF COAST OF ENGLAND

Two American Members of Crew Thought Saved With Their Mates

SHIP CARRIED 350 PASSENGERS

Boat Sinks While Being Convoyed to Port; Captain Wires Safety of Crew

ONE WOMAN IS KILLED

The Passengers Landing at Queenstown All Say Attack on Liner Was Unheralded

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Allan line steamship Hesperian was torpedoed at 8:20 o'clock Saturday night off the south coast of Ireland, 100 miles southwest of Fastnet, 350 passengers were on board.

Say No Warning Given

Passengers landed at Queenstown asserted that the attack was made without warning. The United States embassy here has not yet received any information on this point.

The Hesperian, a vessel of 6,124 tons gross, was outward bound from Liverpool for Montreal. Many of the passengers were wounded Canadian soldiers on their way home from the front.

Sinks Early Today

The Hesperian sank at 6:47 a. m. today, while proceeding to Queenstown.

Earlier advices had indicated that though the liner was badly damaged she was expected to remain afloat. She was due to arrive at Queenstown at about 10 a. m. today. Her course took her over the graves of the Lusitania and Arabic and it is presumed that she settled within a few miles of the hulk of one of the other liners that fell victim to the German "U" boats.

Contradictory reports were received here today about the loss of life in the submarine attack on the Hesperian. Offices of the Allan line gave out a statement, before news that the Hesperian had sunk reached here, that the 350 passengers and 300 men of her crew had all been put into the boats and had reached Queenstown in safety.

One Woman Dead

Press dispatches, however, reported the death of a Miss Carberry, who is said to have been hurled from one of the boats and to have died from the shock, and of another woman who was badly injured and died in one of the rescue steamers while enroute to Queenstown.

The injured number about thirty. For the most part they were passengers in two of the boats which capsized in the darkness before they struck the water.

Not more than two or three Americans, these members of the crew, were reported aboard the Hesperian. Queenstown dispatches today said that no Americans were injured.

Without Warning

The American embassy thus far has received only brief dispatches relating to the attack on the liner. All the passengers landed at Queenstown are reported to be unanimous in their declaration that the Hesperian was attacked without warning.

One passenger, C. S. Blue, of Ottawa, Canada, member of the Hansard parliamentary corps, declared he heard the cry "submarine on the starboard quarter" just before the steamer was struck. Others said no submarine was sighted, that the Hesperian was plowing along through the dusk and that in all probability neither the periscope of a "U" boat or the flash of an on-rushing torpedo would have been visible.

The Allan line officers here have received only fragmentary reports of the attack on the Hesperian, communicated through the admiralty. On the basis of these early reports officials said today they believed the steamer was giving no warning and had no chance of escape, though she was capable of more than sixteen knots an hour.

Carried Gun

Consul Frost at Queenstown, wired Ambassador Page that the Hesperian carried a 4.7 inch gun, mounted at her stern. The admiralty did not confirm this report, but officials said that possibly it was true. They added that the very fact the gun was mounted at the stern was proof that it was to be employed for defensive, not offensive purposes.

Frost reported that so far as he had been able to learn only two Americans, members of the crew, were

(Continued on Page 6, col. 6)

Most men like Fatimas— but maybe you won't

Fatimas please so many men that they outsell any other cigarette costing over 5c.

But it may happen that *your* taste won't fit Fatimas. That's nothing against you. Nor against Fatimas.

But if your taste *does* fit Fatimas, you can feel doubly grateful. For of this you can be sure—Fatimas are *cool* and friendly to the throat and tongue. And they will never leave you "feeling mean" as long as you smoke within the bounds of reason. These tests show you how to prove this.

Because Fatimas are *cool* and because they can be smoked freely and often—they have rightly earned the title, "The Sensible Cigarette."

It simply remains for you to see if their *taste* suits you as well as it is suiting thousands and thousands of other men. Test Fatimas today.

You may find that their taste is *exactly* what you've been looking for in a cigarette.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

no foundation for the story that within | pass unchallenged and unhampered.

TWO TESTS FOR ANY CIGARETTE

The taste of the cigarette—according to a leading tobacco journal—is up to the smoker. But there are other qualities that you should look for in the cigarette that you are going to stick to for your steady smoke. Here are a couple of tests that may help the average smoker to choose more wisely between different kinds of cigarettes.

The first test is for coolness, which means more comfort to the throat and tongue. Light any cigarette. Draw in a cloud of smoke—a small, ordinary puff is not sufficient to make this test. Hold it in your mouth for a few seconds. Let it "float" around against your tongue and throat. Now blow out the smoke. If the cigarette contains a high grade of mild tobacco leaves, combined in just the right proportion, it will always feel COOL and smooth both to your throat and to your tongue.

On the other hand, if the proportions are not right and if the cigarette contains inferior grades of tobacco or hidden strands of rank, oily leaf, you will feel a nipping sting at the tip of your tongue or that "sandpaper" tickle in your throat.

Test number two—How do you feel after smoking all day?

If the tobaccos in the cigarette include a correct proportion of mild grades—and if all of the various grades have been properly mellowed by age—and if they have been so blended as to bring out the best qualities and to neutralize any unpleasant qualities in each of the different types of tobaccos, you will be able to smoke practically whenever you feel like it through the day without feeling any effect from it.

But with another cigarette in which the blend is less skillful, even though the tobaccos are of the highest grade, you will find along towards the end of the day that you are likely to have that feeling of having "smoked too much."

Clip out these tests and try them on Fatima

FATIMA was the Only Cigarette Awarded the Grand Prize at the Panama Pacific International Exposition.

FATIMA THE TURKISH BLEND Cigarette



20 Distinctively Individual FATIMAS 15¢

The TRIBUNE'S Daily Short Story

A LABOR DAY DENOUEMENT

BY ELLIS GRAHAM

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"Are you really going to give up your job, Katie?"

"Yes, John."

"Have you told Seeley?"

"Yes, and he was real decent about it. Of course, he began all that stuff about the growing business and my opportunity to grow with the firm, but I cut him short."

"How on earth, Katie?" asked John, for Seeley was something of an ogre to his employes.

"I said: 'Look here, Mr. Seeley, you can't soap this situation enough to make me slip into seeing it your way. I've got an old mother and father who need me, and I'm going home.' He said: 'Now, Katie, you're just a bit homesick. Forget it. You'll miss your salary before you've been home a week, and a village don't offer a girl anything unless the butcher or the blacksmith marries her.'"

"Well, Katie, that's all so." Mention of the village eligibles made John bold to side with the unpopular Seeley.

"Yes, nobody knows that better than I do. But I'm making just $12 a week, and how much of that do you think I save after paying board and laundry and carfare and buying what few clothes I have?"

"Not much, I guess."

"In three years since I started in here at $8 a week I've managed to pinch along and save just an even $75. That's $25 a year, see. If I'd get sick that $75 would go in a jiffy, and working nine hours a day in a stuffy office and sitting up nights to mend and sew and wash half her clothes don't help to keep any girl healthy. Besides, my mother and father need me there. They don't say anything, but I know they need me, and they looked so old and frail when I was home Christmas. I told Seeley some of all this, and he said: 'I guess you're about right, Katie, but if you want to come back, there'll be a place for you here.'"

John stood helplessly with his hands in his trousers pockets and turned the waste basket this way and that with his feet. Katie slipped a purple carbon paper between the white letterhead and yellow second sheet and nimbly twirled the trio around her typewriter roll. Then she paused and John spoke very softly:

"You'll miss the life here, Katie. You'll miss the car rides and the band concerts and the movies."

"Yes, but not any more than they miss me now at home." Katie looked pretty solemn, for she was young and loved gayety and music and the movies. John managed to find a scrap of paper on the floor and as he stooped to put it in the waste basket, he whispered: "Will you miss me a little bit?"

"Yes, John, lots."

Looking up, she caught such a pained look in John's eyes that she quickly stooped to blow the dust from her dictaphone record. There were tears in her eyes as she adjusted the long rubber tubes in her ears and turned on the electric current.

Katie's first week at home was delightful, but when she had cleaned and straightened up the whole house and planted her flowers she was pretty tired and felt the need of some diversion, but alas! no music or movies or car rides were available in Plainville. Sunday was a long, still, lonesome day, and she did not enjoy the gossip which followed the morning service at the church where her parents always sat in a front pew. As summer came and her flowers grew and blossomed she felt better satisfied, but the small outlay for a few necessary repairs and furnishings had made quite a hole in her little savings. There was no income save the few scattered dollars from her father's fees as a justice of the peace and the butter and egg money her mother contributed. Nobody in Plainville had the slightest need of Katie's skilled services as a dictaphone operator. She was resourceful, though, and hit upon a plan which netted her a small amount weekly. She engaged half the space in the hardware merchant's show window for Saturday afternoon. Then she baked some loaves of bread, an angel food cake and some little tea cakes. She made an appetizing salad. All these she displayed in the window on Saturday with a card which said: "Let these help to make your Sunday dinner easy."

Plainville people were conservative. They looked askance at all innovations and so the first housewives who passed gazed curiously at the display without a thought of purchasing. Young Mrs. Moore walked right in, though, as soon as she saw Katie's display, and read the little card.

"No stale baker's stuff for me when I can get this dandy bread." Mrs. Moore laid aside two loaves of bread as she spoke, and passed on to the salad. "No standing over the stove cooking vegetables and cake when these things drop right down like the manna did to somebody in the Sunday school lesson. Larry Moore doesn't hurt himself at the head of that section gang, and I shan't hurt myself cooking his victuals over a hot stove."

Two other housewives followed Mrs. Moore's lead and Katie's stock was soon disposed of. After her second Saturday, she arranged with certain housewives to call them up on Fridays to see what she could supply for their Sunday dinners, and she soon built up a good little business.

When summer was nearly over Katie began to get restless again. The merchants were busy stocking for the fall trade, the farmers were busy harvesting bumper crops, the children were getting ready for school, and two girls Katie knew were going off to business college and two others to teach country schools. The old vacant store opposite the postoffice was being cleaned up for occupancy by a grocer from the city, and it seemed to Katie that she could not stand it to remain comparatively idle when others were doing so much. She felt the call of the city and its whirling activities. She tried to make up her mind it was right and possible for her to go back to Seeley's, but when she looked at the worn faces and bent forms of her parents and realized how they had come to lean on her since she came home she would resolutely take hold of some task in an effort to forget herself.

One Saturday she got a letter from John telling about the preparations for a big Labor day celebration on Monday. She remembered that last Labor day was the first time she had ever gone out with John and it hurt her to notice that instead of his mentioning it in his letter, he wrote: "I'm expecting to have the time of my life Monday. Hope you'll have as good a time as I do."

She had not been downtown for several days, but on Monday she decided she would take a holiday, although the village made no observance of Labor day. She put on a fresh white dress, her flower trimmed hat and white shoes and started out for a walk. She met one of the village girls who was agog over the arrival of the new grocer from the city.

"Oh, he's swell, I tell you! And he isn't married, either!" she exclaimed, with sparkling eyes.

Katie went to the postoffice and the new store window looked so attractive she crossed over. She had a friendly feeling for this store because its contents and its keeper had come from the city she was longing to see again, so she thought she would go in and inspect it inside. As she walked in she saw behind the counter somebody who surprised her so that she stood quite still, while her face became as white as her dress. It was John. Out from behind the counter he came and grabbed her hands.

"Katie! Katie!" he exclaimed, "I didn't know how good it was going to be to see you once again. How do you like my store?"

"Your store, John? Is it really yours?"

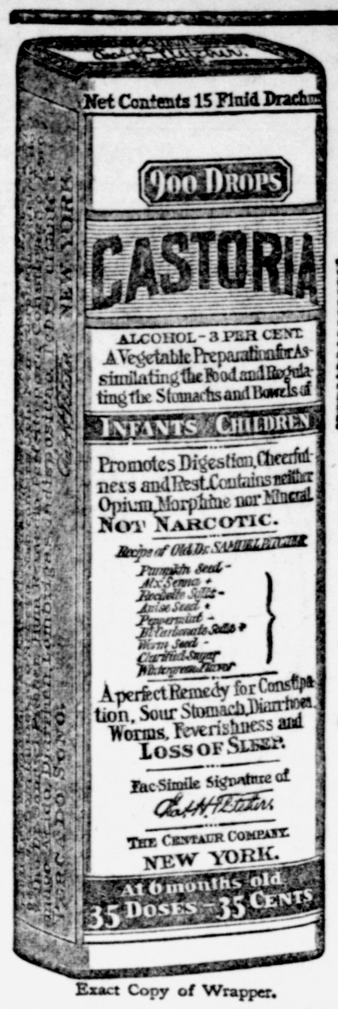
"Yes, mine. I had saved up a few hundred dollars in the eight years I've been working and I got to thinking it would take all the best years of my life at that rate to save a couple of thousand. I'd worked three years in a grocery before I was shipping clerk for Seeley, and I know the business. I'm starting in a small way, but I'll grow if"— John paused and brushed imaginary dust from the freshly varnished counter—"if you'll help me, Katie. Don't you think you'd like to be the better half of a growing business man?"

"Yes, if—"

"If what, Katie?"

"If he loved me," blushing violently.

"Katie dear, I love you so much there ain't words enough to tell you." With her head on his shoulder and his arms about her, John managed to substitute actions for words in a manner so satisfactory that they agreed ever afterward that both of them had the time of their lives on that particular Labor day.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FARMERS BITE ON FAKE REMEDIES

No Known Cure for Hog Cholera Says State Expert; Only Weapon Is Prevention

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 6.—Although it is generally known that hog cholera can be prevented but not cured, it has been estimated that Wisconsin annually spends thousand of dollars for socalled cholera cures.

Of the twenty or so different kinds of cures which have been or are being offered for sale in the state, analysis shows that in almost every case they contain the same ingredients.

The majority of these conditioners contain sodium bicarbonate, copperas, antimony, oyster shells, salt, charcoal, Epsom salts, flaxseed meal and ginger. While the feeding of these mixtures may and likely will not be injurious, the purchasers are paying exorbitant prices and are being induced to temporize with the disease.

When asked as to whether or not any of these ingredients would cure hog cholera, Dr. B. A. Beach, of the state hog cholera serum plant, emphatically contradicted the contentions of the manufacturers.

"There is no cure known to science for hog cholera," he declared. "The only way to handle hog cholera is to prevent it. The so-called cures are nothing more nor less than conditioners. It has been found that the money spent for these curative foods would pay for more than half the cost of vaccination."

It has been proposed that the sale of these feeds be cut down by the regulation of the companies producing them. Some would require the firms to register with the department of agriculture, which might grant licenses to those conforming to certain rules. If each company were required to place on the outside of each package sold the amount and kind of material contained in that particular feed, buyers would be able to see that they were paying high prices for ordinary feeding materials.

STEEL MEN LOOK FOR BOOM DAYS

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—On the rush of orders at the South Chicago steel mills and at steel mills at Gary and other points which surround Chicago, was based the prophecy that within a few months the boom days of 1906 when records for output were made, will be surpassed.

Steel men today pointed out that "war orders"—that is, manufacture of actual munitions of war—are not all that has sent to work almost the capacity forces of workmen in the huge mills about Chicago. They explained that the plants are getting ready for certain huge orders for bridge and structural material which will come from every nation now at war on the other side of the world.

LANDLADY SUICIDE

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 6.—With her neck tightly bound with a towel, rope and necktie, the body of Mrs. Emma Delia Campbell, 50, proprietor of a rooming house, was found in bed in her room on Saturday by a boarder. The woman had been dead for several hours. Her feet and arms were tied to the bedpost.

There were no evidence of a struggle in the room.

"Whys" of Moves in European War

(By J. W. T. MASON)
(Written for the United Press)

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—England's reply to Germany's tentative peace suggestions is in effect a request for more details. It is in no sense a refusal to hearken to proposals for ending the war but must be accepted as evidence that the British government wants to hear further from Germany.

The British statement points out that Germany's demand for freedom of the seas is only vaguely defined, and declared further that Germany has said nothing about France and Belgium. When Germany is willing to make a definite statement concerning these matters it will then be possible for Great Britain to speak more effectively.

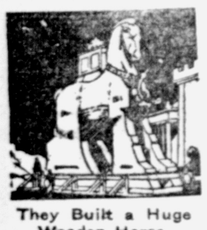
The overthrow of militarism which England insists is still one of the aims for which she is fighting can be attained indirectly. It is probable England would consider militarism had been defeated as the result of peace negotiations if France and Belgium were evacuated by the German armies without demanding indemnities; and in particular if Germany were to make a money grant to Belgium for reconstruction purposes.

England's effort to put the peace negotiations on a detailed basis is undoubtedly a step in the right direction. It is the only way peace can be brought about. At the same time under modern conditions of government when public opinion exercises so dominant an influence, full publicity must be given to the fundamental details of a peace agreement. The governments of the western nations cannot make pledges of large importance, without first sounding public opinion. Domestic resentment against the individual members of the offending government otherwise would be too vengeful.

For this reason there must be open exchanges of views, gradually increasing specific details, as public opinion becomes accustomed to the idea of making compromises. At the same time, this open bargaining must proceed cautiously, because international negotiators are always reluctant to reveal the full concessions they are prepared to make. Nevertheless, while caution is a necessary element, it can be made too expensive if carried too far. The total cost of the war to all the belligerents is more than five hundred million dollars a week. This is a factor of vast importonce for urging that some at least of the slow progress be eliminated from peace negotiations.

CASE OFFICER RESIGNS

RACINE, Wis., Sept. 6.—F. Lee Norton, who has been connected with the J. I. Case Threshing Machine company for the past twenty-six years resigned his position as vice president and director today. Mr. Norton said that the reason for his action is that he desires to take a much needed rest.



They Built a Huge Wooden Horse.

Daddy's Bedtime Story — The Wooden Horse That Helped Troy to Fall.

"THIS is the story of a famous horse," said daddy, taking the kiddies on his knees.

"A wooden one," daddy went on. "But he was so important to one nation that he seems real."

"What was his name?" the kiddies wanted to know.

"The Trojan Horse. Now the city of Troy was so strong that an army of Greeks had tried to capture it for ten years and always failed. The Trojans believed their safety lay in a huge statue of the goddess Minerva, fallen from heaven, which stood in their city.

"While this statue stood they believed their city could never be captured. But one night two Greeks disguised themselves, stole into Troy and carried off Minerva to camp.

"Nothing happened, but the Trojans wept and made as much fuss as if something had. When the Greeks saw Minerva made no difference they made new plans."

"To fight?" the kiddies asked.

"Not exactly," said daddy. "They built a huge wooden horse, hollow inside, and left it outside the city gate, a present, to make up for the Minerva they stole. Then the Greeks broke camp and sailed away on their ships, just as if they had given up capturing Troy. The crafty Greeks! Before they sailed they filled the hollow horse with soldiers.

"When the Trojans saw the ships sailing away they thought they were free, opened the city gates and trooped out—to meet the wooden horse. Ten long years they had been shut up in Troy. No wonder they were glad!

"Even when the priest warned them to be careful they thought the horse a present and admired it. Finally they voted to drag it inside the city.

"Now the Greeks had left one man behind, who sneaked into Troy, shouting he had been forgotten; that the Greeks did not want the wooden horse touched. This made the Trojans want it the more. When night came they made a great festival, dragged the horse inside the gates, danced around it and went to bed, sure the war was over."

"Did the Greek soldier sleep?" asked the kiddies.

"Not a wink! Soon as Troy was quiet he crept up to the wooden horse and ordered the soldiers inside to jump out and force the city gates open. The whole Greek army then rushed in, for the crafty ships had really sailed only out of sight till nightfall and had returned. So the Greeks captured Troy."

"We liked that story," said the kiddies. And they kissed daddy good night and skipped off to bed.

EAT LESS MEAT IF BACK HURTS

Take a glass of Salts to flush kidneys if bladder bothers you.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney diseases.

BIG BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY

Balcony 15c
Lower Floor 25c

TWO Shows Tonight
7:15 P.M. and 9:00 P.M.
VAUDEVILLE
MAJESTIC

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE

Published Every Afternoon Except Sunday at 435-208 South Fifth Street, La Crosse, Wis.

A Home Paper — TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL LA CROSSE WIS. — For The People

A. M. BRAYTON, Ed and Pub. F. H. BURGESS Bus. Mgr.

Daily by Carrier.....$5.00 Per Year
Daily by Mail.....$3.00 Per Year

Entered as Second-class Matter, June 22, 1904 at the Postoffice at La Crosse, Wis., under the Act of Congress of 1879.

THE TRIBUNE IS A MEMBER OF THE LEE NEWSPAPER SYNDICATE

Both Phones—Business Office 323-1 Editorial Department 323-2

Advertising Representatives—
Cone, Lorenzen & Woodman, Advertising Building, Chicago
225 Fifth Avenue, New York
Bumbel Building, Kansas City, Mo.

THE LA CROSSE TRIBUNE
Sworn Detailed Statement for the Month of August

August Daily Average **7,612**

1—Sunday		16—Mon	7,528
2—Mon	7,520	17—Tues	7,512
3—Tues	7,536	18—Wed	7,531
4—Wed	7,621	19—Thur	7,549
5—Thur	7,547	20—Fri	7,522
6—Fri	7,558	21—Sat	7,542
7—Sat	7,524	22—Sunday	
8—Sunday		23—Mon	7,531
9—Mon	7,520	24—Tues	7,538
10—Tues	7,526	25—Wed	7,524
11—Wed	7,534	26—Thur	7,541
12—Thur	7,536	27—Fri	7,548
13—Fri	7,553	28—Sat	7,536
14—Sat	7,512	29—Sunday	
15—Sunday		30—Mon	7,544
		31—Tues	7,537

Total circulation 195,970
Average circulation, excluding extra copies. 7,537
Extra for month of August 1,950
Av. circulation for Aug., 7,612

I, Frank H. Burgess, business manager of the La Crosse Tribune, do solemnly swear that the actual number of copies of the paper named, printed and circulated during the month of August, 1915, was as above states.

Frank H. Burgess

Subscribed and sworn to before me this second day of September, 1915.

James Thompson

Notary Public.

WHAT SHALL WE MAKE OF LABOR?

This is Labor Day.

And what of labor? Do we honor it, abuse it, waste it?

Labor is the greatest force in the world, it comes nearer to more people than any other thing. Money, even when amassed as capital, is merely a medium of exchange, an instrumentality representing real wealth and facilitating its distribution. In any other sense capital is abused. Nature has made the earth a storehouse from which man must take his needs by toil and sweat. Destroy every vestige of coin and currency, and the world would still move on. Destroy labor, and the world would stop.

It follows that labor is, by nature, exalted over every other material thing, and that the Creator expects us to esteem and honor labor.

Since what we get out of anything makes our measure of its worth, we must get good from labor if we would do labor justice. And if every man got from his labor the good that his labor brings, in just proportion to his efforts, there would be no "labor problems."

He who labors, if he would get the most for his toil, should approach it in the right light. Not as drudgery, but as an honorable privilege, should he regard it. Nor should the fact that the output of labor does not always go to the laborer in fair proportion prevent the laborer from esteeming his task, for this injustice is not labor's fault.

Dr. Johnson tells us that, "Labor, if it were not necessary to the existence, would be indispensable to the happiness of man," and Plato regarded "Labor as preferable to idleness as brightness to rust." Channing uttered a patriotic sentiment which workers everywhere are realizing today when he said that, "Labor is discovered to be the grand conqueror, enriching and building up nations more surely than the proudest battles."

What splendid possibilities, then, has labor: making free and happy peoples, building up prosperous and God-fearing nations, home-making for happy millions upon millions! How must we have abused labor through processes which made possible the fearful indictment in Hood's, "Song of The Shirt":

"With fingers weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A woman sat in unwomanly rags
Plying her needle and thread."

That which is honorable, health-giving, sufficient unto every human necessity, our industrial system has sometimes made a slavish mockery of the independence which is labor's first just compensation.

It is not so always, nor everywhere. Trades unionism has lifted the great bulk of American labor out of the muck of want and despair. But even today there are in this "land of the free" canker spots where labor feudalism is driving slavery as bad as the worst forms that were fostered in the south before our Civil War.

Lawrence, Ludlow, Trinidad!—we read of them with depression, but we should not yield to pessimism. The workers who laid down their lives in these labor hells did not pass in vain. The onward movement of labor, building not only for better pay, but for better living conditions in a better civilization, will heal these sores in our national life. The report of the Federal Industrial Relations committee, just out, shows that men charged with the duty of government are awakening to the fact that in some quarters massed capital is committing insufferable crimes against labor. Before us is the dawn of a day in which government will cease to be run for dollars and will be run for men and women. The onward sweep of a purer, more paternal democracy is irresistable. Cool-headed, steadfast courage, without bitterness, with earnest purpose and constructive intelligence, will win the splendid revolution from the labor of serfdom to the labor of independent, accountable individuals in a great brotherhood government.

And so, while we fight on for the emancipation of "The woman in unwomanly rags," let us keep before us the fact that it was not her task that was despicable and humiliating, but the unnatural conditions with which her toil was unjustly surrounded. Let us remember that labor is the most honorable thing in the world and that he who labors best does not stoop to his work, but rises to it.

GERMAN EPWORTH LEAGUERS PICNIC

As for many years past, the Epworth league of the German Methodist church held its annual picnic at Oehler's cave on Labor day. Two busloads filled with members of the league, provisions and not a worldly care, left the church at 9 o'clock this morning for the cave. Many automobiles and bicycles left the city later during the day to join in the festivities. The feature of the sports program will be a game of indoor baseball between the senior and junior classes for the championship of the league. It is always played off at this picnic.

TROLLEY STRIKE ON

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Nine hundred trolley employes went on strike here today tying up the United Traction company's system in Albany, Rensselaer and Albany-Troy division.

SIX DROWNED

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—Six persons were drowned in bathing beach accidents in an around New York yesterday.

Quips and Cranks and Wanton Wiles

Mary Phagan Speaks

You care a lot about me, you men of Georgia, now that I am dead.
You have spent thousands of dollars trying to learn who mutilated my body.
You have filled the columns of your newspapers with the story of my wrong.
You have broken into a prison and murdered a man that I might be avenged.
But why did you not care for me when I was alone?
I was a child, but you shut me out of the daylight.
You held me within four walls watching a machine that crashed through the air,
Endlessly watching a knife as it cut a piece of wood.
Noise fills the place—noise, dust and the smell of oil.
I wish some of the thousands of dollars that you spent on the trial might have kept me in school,
A real school, the kind you build for the rich.
I worked through the hot August days
When you were bossing the girls, or shooting birds,
Or lounging in doorways cursing the nigger;
And you never paid me enough to buy a pretty dress.
You sometimes spoke coarsely to me when I went to and from my work;
Yes, you did, and I had to pretend I liked it.
Why did you despise me living and yet love me so now?
I think I know. It is like what the preacher told me about Christ:
People hated Him when He was alive,
But when He was dead they killed man after man for His sake.
—Mary White Ovington in the New Republic.

The Real Reason

With excellent intentions Mrs. Dibbs had undertaken to deliver a course of lectures on hygiene to the women of a certain poor district. She gave, with much zeal, six long lectures.

At the end of the sixth and last, she decided to ask questions in order to find out how much of her wisdom had taken root. She only asked one, however, and then gave up lecturing forever. Her question was:

"Now, why must we always be careful to keep our homes spotlessly clean?"

"Because, mum, company might drop in at any moment!"—Baltimore Star.

Origin of Worthy Wheeze

Much of the world's best humor has its origin in the little print shops out in Kansas, says the Kansas City Star. Almost a year ago a Kansas editor wrote a paragraph substantially as follows: "Every time I look at my grandfather's sword I want to be a soldier. But every time I think of my grandfather's wooden leg I change my mind." The Star used the paragraph with proper credit, and away it went. From New York it went to London, and now it is on its way back. Recently Life had it credited as follows:

"Every time I see grandfather's sword and medals," said Bill, "I long to take part in a universal war."

Then, as an afterthought, Bill said: "But every time I look at grandfather's wooden leg I long for the advent of universal peace."—Tit-Bits.

Had It On Him

The young man had come for the all-important task of "seeing father" and he was equal to the occasion.

Mr. Gottrox—"My daughters, young man, are both worth their weight in gold."

Suitor—"Then the fact that I am asking for the smaller one proves, at any rate, that I am not mercenary."

When Women Kiss

When women kiss it always reminds one of prizefighters shaking hands.

An Ambiguous Answer

Mr. and Mrs. Murphy were frequently in court. Sometimes Murphy complained of his wife, at other times Mrs. Murphy had her husband arrested for abuse, and on still other occasions neighbors had them both in court for disturbing the peace with their brawls. The judge was becoming rather tired of having them before him.

"This is the sixth time one or the other of you has been up before me for fighting," he declared, out of patience; "now, tell me truthfully, cannot you two live happily without fighting?"

"No, yer honor," replied Mrs. Murphy; "not happily."—Lippincott's Magazine.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

Irritability, oversensitiveness, a disposition to worry over trifles, headache, dizzines—these are symptoms of nervous exhaustion, neurasthenia.

Very often the patient feels best and brightest at night. Rest seems to bring no refreshment, the nervous system fails to recuperate. This distressing condition is caused by worry more often than by any other one thing. Overwork and worry invite the disorder.

The treatment is one of nutrition of the nerve cells, requiring a non-alcoholic tonic. As the nerves get their nourishment from the blood the treatment must be directed towards building up the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood and with proper regulation of the diet have proved of the greatest benefit in many cases of neurasthenia. A tendency to anemia, or bloodlessness, shown by most neurasthenic patients, is also corrected by these tonic pills. Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail at 50 cents per box; six boxes $2.50. Begin the treatment at once before your condition becomes chronic.

Two useful books, "Diseases of the Nervous System,' and "What to Eat and How to Eat," will be sent free by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., if you mention this paper.

WOMAN COULD NOT SIT UP

Now Does Her Own Work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her.



Ironton, Ohio.—"I am enjoying better health now than I have for twelve years. When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I could not sit up. I had female troubles and was very nervous. I used the remedies a year and I can do my work and for the last eight months I have worked for other women, too. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough for I know I never would have been as well if I had not taken it and I recommend it to suffering women."

Daughter Helped Also.

"I gave it to my daughter when she was thirteen years old. She was in school and was a nervous wreck, and could not sleep nights. Now she looks so healthy that even the doctor speaks of it. You can publish this letter if you like."—Mrs. RENA BOWMAN, 161 S. 10th Street, Ironton, Ohio.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

RUSSIA NOT TO GIVE UP

PETROGRAD, Sept. 6.—"Russia is determined to fight, five, even ten years, if necessary," declared M. Rodzianko, president of the Duma, in an interview today. "If it should happen that we are forced to give up Petrograd and Moscow we will retire to the defenses of the Ural mountains and continue the war."

JUDGE MURDERED

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 6.—Judge Willis S. Knowles, of the Eighth district court was murdered at his summer cottage at North Scituate, Mass., today.

When an old woman looks at a fashion magazine she usually does it for the purpose of making fun of the styles.

STANLEY BOYNTON DIES OF TYPHOID

Fourteen Year Old Son of E. B. Boynton Succumbs to Three Weeks Illness

Stanley Boynton, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Boynton, passed away Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, after a three weeks' illness with typhoid fever.

"Stan," as he was familiarly known by most everyone, was nearly 14 years old and would have entered the high school this week. He was the youngest son, full of vigor, popular with all and yet of a tender, lovable disposition.

His loss is keenly felt by his father, mother and sister Ruth and a host of friends. His brother Parker, it will be remembered, having died about ten months ago.

Stanley was a member of the Y. M. C. A. and the boy scouts, and a strong adherent of the chivalrous rule of the boy scout organization.

The funeral wil be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 from the house, and will be for friends. Burial at the cemetery will be private.

Dresbach, Minn.

DRESBACH, Minn., Sept. 6—(Special)—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gilbert left Thursday night for a two weeks visit with relatives in North Dakota.

The saw mill closed down for the season Thursday night.

Jake Castle has taken Mr. Gilbert's place at the depot while Mr. Gilbert is on his vacation.

Miss Minnie Walker of La Crosse and Miss Mary Torrence gave a six o'clock dinner party at the Torrence cottage Saturday night. Plates were laid for eighteen. Those present were: Mrs. J. E. Langdon, Miss Isabelle Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Boyd, Miss Isabelle Langdon, Miss Mildred Marsh, Mrs. Edward Wing, Miss Mildred Wing, Mr. and Mrs. T. Kemp, Miss Gertrude Heydon, Miss Agnes Boyd, Miss Bessie Collonag, Miss Edna Walker, Miss Minnie Walker, Miss Mary Torrence and Miss Jennet Torrence.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Allen moved to Dakota Thursday.

D. H. Baker has taken the management at La Crosse of the Farmers Co-operative Packing company.

Dresbach school begins Monday, September twentieth with Miss Pearl Hammer and Miss Marion Wood as teachers.

A. E. Webster returned home from his regular trip Thursday night.

The Dresbach Fish company went to market with a load of fish Wednesday.

Harry Horner, Jr., is home from the Ann Arbor law school for a vacation through September.

Robert Faucet is shipping apples to the St. Paul market.

John Glenn and Harry Waas shipped plums to St. Paul this week.

Mrs. Fred Burk is on the sick list.

Miss Maud Boyd was a La Crosse visitor Wednesday.

Miss Isabel Boyd made a trip to La Crosse Thursday.

Mrs. D. H. Baker entertained Thursday afternoon at tea.

Eugene Baker left for his home in Chicago Thursday after his summers' vacation in Dresbach.

Miss Gertrude Heydon left for her La Crosse home after a two weeks' visit with Mrs. J. E. Langdon.

Henry Ahrens, Jr., Carl and Alfred Scheel of La Crosse spent a couple of days last week with their aunt, Mrs. J. E. Langdon.

Among La Crosse visitors at Dresbach this week were Mrs. Thomas Donaldson, Mrs. Erioin Dixon, Mrs. E. E. Culver, Mrs. L. Amo, Mrs. James Sokolik, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holts and daughters started last Tuesday for St. Paul in their automobile.

Mrs. E. Helfaugh and Mrs. Frank Funk of La Crosse are at the Horner cottage.

Mrs. A. Reckway and son, Granton, after spending the summer at the Homer cottage, start Saturday morning for their home at Osseola, Minn.

Mrs. Ernest Horner was called to Minneapolis by the severe sickness of her sister.

Mrs. William Woodcock and McLean of La Crosse are at the Torrance cottage.

Just because a married man gives up a dollar to hear a lecture downtown it doesn't signify that he cares for a free lecture at home.

The Patented Red Plug Prevents Slipping

SPRING-STEP

SPRING-STEP HEELS

Walk on Rubber Cushions

This is the new real economy heel.

These heels make shoes wear longer. SPRING-STEP RUBBER HEELS keep their original shape. That's why they are called "economy comfort heels."

Learn the real joy of walking on Spring-Step Rubber Heels.

These new Spring-Step Red Plug Heels cost no more than ordinary rubber heels. Don't accept inferior heels—get "Spring-Steps."

Any reliable dealer or repair shop will put a pair of Spring-Step Rubber Heels on your shoes for 50 cents.

Ask for the Heel with the Red Plug

Spring-Step Rubber Heels are made by the Largest Rubber Company in the World.

Homer, Minn.

HOMER, Minn., Sept. 6 (Special)—Jacob Hill left here Wednesday morning for North Dakota where he will visit his son, Clark. He will also stop in Minneapolis.

Miss Stratman has returned to her home in Winona after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. E. E. Rote.

Many from here have attended the Tri-county fair and Ke-ox-ah attractions in Winona this week.

Charles Chapman of Winona spent a few days with Roderick Surber at the fisheries stations this week.

The little Misses Grace and Eunice Rote of the fisheries station are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Stratman, of Winona.

Mrs. Elmira Taintor attended the wedding of her niece, the Misses Eleanor and Dorothy Keeler, which took place at their home at Winona on Wednesday.

The sword in the hands of a man is less mighty than the hatpin in the hands of a strenuous woman.

If It Can Be Done

We Can Do It Here.



Most women in town know of the excellent work in dyeing and cleaning that we do here because we have our own establishment under our personal and skilled supervision.

We make a specialty of cleaning lace curtains and blankets. We make a specialty of dyeing wool and silk garments in perfect colors that are absolutely fast.

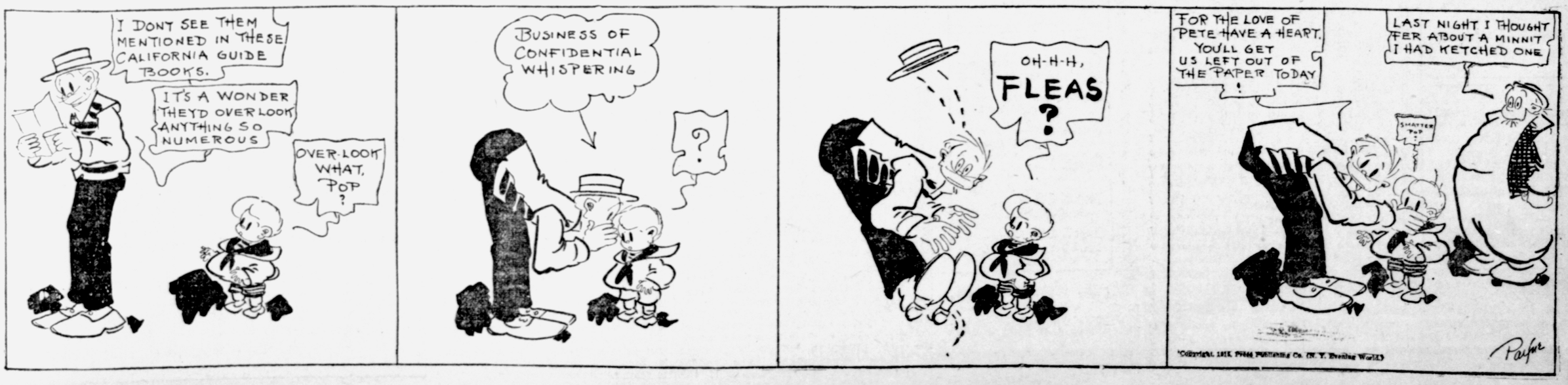
Never pass anything aside as beyond redemption until you have first consulted us as to saving it for further use and wear. You'll be surprised how we make your things last and look like new. It's economy especially at our low prices.

LA CROSSE STEAM LAUNDRY

S'MATTER, POP?"

(Copyright, 1915, Press Publishing Company)

By C. N. PAYNE





The General says:

The greatest lesson the world has learned in the past year is the advantage of *military preparedness.* Exactness, efficiency and constant readiness should be *fundamentals* in the *industries* of a country, just as they must be in its *defenses.* We have *always* exercised those principles in the manufacture of General Roofing products, and I believe that is one big reason why they are actually *profitable* to the *purchaser.*

Looking back with satisfaction
Looking ahead with confidence

Before the days of the General Roofing Mfg. Company, roofing and building papers cost the consumer much more than they do today.

It is a question if the quality that is in the goods today was in them then. The General brought about this great reduction in cost; the General improved the quality; the General, through applying military exactness and efficiency to a peaceful project, actually benefited the buyer of roofing not only in a dollar-and-cents way but in the service delivered by the goods.

That is why today the General does 30% of the total volume of the business represented by such products.

Certain-teed
Roofing

What is *back* of the roofing you buy is just as important as what is *in* it. With three huge mills the General is equipped bigger and better than any roofing manufacturer on earth. Operating these mills on military principles—applying military precision to every step from the securing of raw materials to the shipping and delivery of the finished products—all this means added value in the goods and in their service.

The Certain-teed label goes on only the best quality we can make. It is the best quality that can be made. The price is reasonable. We guarantee the **one-ply for five years, two-ply for ten years, and three-ply for fifteen years.**

In addition to Certain-teed Roofing—the highest quality possible to make—we produce Standard Quality and Competition Quality at lower prices. No matter what kind of roofing you want to use, we will supply it—and give you a better product at that. The remarkable record of Certain-teed Roofing and Certain-teed Products is the kind of a guaranty that inspires confidence. We look ahead with as much satisfaction as we look back. Every buyer and user of Certain-teed Products may absolutely *know* that there is everything *in* and everything *back of* his purchase to more than justify his entire confidence.

Ask your dealer for Certain-teed products. He will show you the Certain-teed label on them. That label is his protection as well as yours. It means just as much to him as it does to you, and that is why, from the standpoint of making a satisfied customer, he is as likely to insist upon you taking Certain-teed products as you are likely to insist upon *getting* them.

At each of our enormous mills we make the following complete lines:

Roll Roofings
Slate Surfaced Roll Roofings
Slate Surfaced Shingles
Wall Boards
Asphalt Felts
Tarred Felts
Blue Plaster Boards
Roof Coatings
Insulating Papers
Deadening Felts
Carpet Linings
Stringed Felts
Dry Saturated Felts
Rosin Sized Sheathings
Plastic Roofing Cements
Coal Tar
Pitch
Shingle Stains
Outdoor Paints

General Roofing Manufacturing Company

World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers

New York City, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Boston, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Detroit, San Francisco, Cincinnati, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Seattle, Atlanta, Houston, London, Hamburg, Sydney

North Side Briefs

O'Neil Shoe Store. Good hosiery.

Donald Peterson, who has been the guest of relatives and friends in Iola, Wis., has returned to his home, 1645 Wood street.

Bob Fitzpatrick has returned to his home, 1606 Berlin street, after spending a few days in Tomah.

Miss Rena Erickson, 1727 George street, is the guest of relatives and friends in Savanna.

Mrs. B. Kneesel, who has been confined to the St. Francis hospital with illness, has returned to her home, 822 Avon street.

Hugh McIntyre, who has been visiting relatives and friends in Sioux City, has returned to his home, 1838 Kane street.

Mrs. Carl Swenson has returned to her home, 1640 Charles street, after a visit in Caledonia.

Miss Marion Kelly, who has been visiting relatives and friends in Chicago, has returned to her home, 728 Gould street.

Miss Adeline Pruetz has returned to her home, 1403 George street, after a visit with relatives and friends in Seneca.

Miss Clara Swenson, 1648 Charles street, has returned from a three weeks' visit in Milwaukee.

Miss Esther Baldman, 316 Rose street, has returned from a visit in Milwaukee.

Roy Lafser, 728 Mill street, has returned from a visit in Morrison, Ill.

George Franson, 932 Caledonia street, has returned from a visit in Chicago.

Thomas Skemp, 1643 Kane street, has returned from a week's stay in Winona.

Miss Josephine Bangsberg, 530 Mill street, has left for Menominee, where she wil teach the coming year.

John Anthony and family, San Purdine, Cal., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Merfeld, 1336 Wood street.

Paul L. Marcou, 1007 Rose street, has returned from a week's stay in West Salem.

Casper Knutson and Philip Weinell have returned from the Twin cities, where they attended the auto races.

"WISCONSIN ON PARADE"

STATE FAIR

Milwaukee--Sept. 13-14-15-16-17

65TH YEAR

GREATEST SHOWING OF RESOURCES IN HISTORY OF BADGER STATE

$3,000 MATCH RACE
SEPT. 13
Frank Bogash, Jr., 1:59¼
Flower Direct, 2:00¾
Brayden Direct, 2:01½

GEORGE GANO, 2:02, Against His World's Record Under Saddle, 2:11¾,
Sept. 15 and 17

Two Daring Aviators in a Thrilling
BATTLE IN THE SKY



2000 FEET ABOVE CROWDS!
EVERY DAY AT 5 P.M.!
18 FREE ATTRACTIONS!
18 SPLENDID BANDS!
RACING EVERY DAY!
BEST "PIKE" IN AMERICA!

AVIATORS in Sensational Stunts
EVERY DAY at 11:30 A. M.
Send a Souvenir Postal Home by Aeroplane!

Special Days
Sept. 13—CHILDREN'S
Sept. 14—INTERURBAN
Sept. 15—STATE
Sept. 16—MILWAUKEE
Sept. 17—TRAVELING MEN

A *REAL* STATE FAIR—Only Wisconsin Exhibits in Cattle, Horse, Sheep, Swine and Poultry Departments.

YOU SEE EVERYTHING FOR 50 CENTS. "COME ON, LET'S GO"

GUSTOF ENGLEHORN BURIED AT LANSING

Tuberculosis Claims Lansing Man; Funeral Services at German Presbyterian Church

LANSING, Ia., Sept. 6.—(Special)—The remains of Gustav Englehorn were laid at rest in Oak Hill cemetery Wednesday afternoon, following services at the German Presbyterian church. Rev. Kegel officiated

Deceased had been ill for over a year with tubercular trouble, and some months ago visited one of the La Crosse hospitals seeking relief in an operation. The gain made was but temporary and after his return to Lansing the decline was rapid. A wife, one son and four daughters are the surviving family.

Local and Personal

Miss Rosiella Bahrer returned recently from an extended visit with Nebraska relatives. Miss Harves of Hartwell, Neb., accompanied Miss Bobrer on her home journey, and will remain for some time with friends.

Miss Mae Dolan of Cedar Rapids arrived this week from St. Paul, Minn., and will take charge of Mrs. Metcalf's millinery parlors for the winter season.

B. F. Thomas and wife are visiting and transacting business at Taylor and Dickinson, N. D.

Miss Bernice Boeck left this week for Harmon, Minn., to assume her duties as instructor of domestic science in the public schools of that city. Miss Martha Boeck takes up the same line of work at Postville the coming week.

BEAUTIFUL MIX-UP IS RESULT OF STATE'S NEW TEXT-BOOK REGULATORS

MADISON, Wis., Sept 6.—The state school officials are puzzled over the correct interpretation of the new text-book law. The terms of the new act are broad and so drastic that they do not know where to start and where to call a halt on its enforcement.

The bill provides, among other things, that no book company shall charge more for the books sold in this state than in any other state. It also stipulates that every company selling school books in the state shall file a copy of every book with the state educational authorities. There are thirty-two book concerns selling their books in the state. One of them would have to file copies of 2,000 text-books if this provision was put into force. The state superintendent's office is up in the air in trying to think of a place to put them.

Another thing that is not clearly determined by the law is the question whether or not the bill included, or intended to, parochial schools, business colleges, private schools, and other similar institutions. If it is interpreted to mean this, there is going to be a fight as these institutions have already entered objections.

"I do not think that this law means anything in particular," said Attorney General Owen today. "It is stated in such broad terms and is so indefinite that it can mean most anything."

NORTH SIDE

EXTRA INNING IS TITLE WINNER FOR NORTH SIDE TEAM

"City Champs" Is Honor Which Rests Upon Banner of the Nelsons Today

M'QUIRE DOES THE BUSINESS

Clouts a Single with Three Men On in Extra Frame and Nels Thompsons Lose Out

The title of indoor baseball champions of the city today rests upon the banner of the Nelson Clothing company team of Copeland park, as the result of their win yesterday over the Nels Thompsons, champions of West Avenue playfield by a score of five to four. An extra inning was necessary to decide the winner. The game was won in the eighth inning when McGuire, first sacker, for the Nelsons sent the winning run over the plate with a single with three men on the paths. Knutson held the opposition to four hits, two of which were credited to Al Meinert, heavy clouter of the Nelson baseball team. He struck out five men, as did Heft of the Nels Thompsons. Heft allowed the Nelsons eight hits. With the Nels Thompsons two runs to the good in the seventh frame, and one man on base, Adolph Emerson landed on the ball for a home run over first, tieing the score. The fielding of Lefay Ritter of the north siders featured the game. He made a shoe string circus catch of a fly off Meinert's bat in the first inning.

The game resolved itself into a pitcher's battle between Heft and Knutson with honors about even, up to the eighth inning when an avalanche of hits proved the undoing of the southpaw and championsips aspirations of his teammates. Knutson started the extra frame with a hit, followed in rapid succession by hits by Lafsar, Swennes and McGuire, pushing over the winning run. Up to the eighth inning each pitcher had allowed four safe blows. The batteries were: Nelsons, Knutson and Lafser; Nels Thompsons, Heft and Denny.

The score by innings:

	R	H
Nelsons	01010021—5	8
Nels Thompsons ..	00120010—4	4

GERMAN WARSHIPS REFORTED CHASING RUSS IN RIGA GULF

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 6.—German warships have again entered the Gulf of Riga, compelling Russian ships to flee before them, acording to advices received here today. The Slavs are reported to have evacuated Dago Island, at the entrance to the Gulf of Finland.

THREE FIRMS DEFENDANTS

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 6.—Three subsidiary companies of the M. Rumely company were today made defendants in a suit in federal court for $20,000. District Attorney Daily, who filed the suit, alleges that they dodged taxes.

Spanish Language.

The Spanish language is not a difficult one to learn. On the other hand, it is one of the easiest in the world. By steady application, combining conversation with book study, one should be able to get a pretty fair command of the Spanish in a year's time.

Fine HOLIDAY Program
Today—Matinee and Evening
MAUD ALLAN FAMOUS DANCER
Playing 'The Rug Maker's Daughter," introducing her famous dances.

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY
THIS WEEK—THE BIJOU WILL PRESENT
"THE MASTER MIND"
With EDMUND BREESE
This is one of our best offerings and all should make an effort to see it. Matinees 2:00, 3:20. Evenings, 7:00, 8:20, 9:30. Regular prices to all.

RUSHFORD SCHOOL GIRLS TO WEAR A UNIFORM COSTUME

Mammas and Papas of Minnesota Town Solve High Cost of Living Problem of Student Clothing

RUSHFORD, Minn., Sept. 6.—(Special)—The mammas and papas of Rushford have solved the high cost of living problem, as far as school clothes are concerned. When public school opens here, the girls will be clad in a uniform costume, and even the woman teaching force of the schools will wear the same sort of clothing. The girls will all wear white "middle blouses" and blue serge skirts, each skirt made of the same material. Blue blouses will be worn during cold weather. The rule is an innovation in the schools here.

Corn Crop Lost

Latest reports from farmers residing near the river show that the recent frost rendered the corn crop useless, save for the purpose of fodder; except in the fields nearest the river banks. These fields escaped injury because of the vapor rising from the river, which prevented the frost from falling. All reports from the higher elevations out of the valley say that corn there was not damaged greatly.

Local and Personal

The road leading to Oak Grove cemetery, which has for a good while needed repair, is being improved by several workmen.

The collection taken in for the Ladies' Aid luncheon, served Thursday afternoon, at the Rushford Lutheran church, amounted to over $28.

Miss Chrissie McLeod, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. McMillan and her family at Albert Lea, has returned to her home in this city.

The Presbyterian Sunday school picnic, which was held last Wednesday, proved a very pleasant affair. A tug-of-war, ball game and peanut race were some of the "stunts" which claimed attention.

Mrs. Jennie McKay, of Miranda, S. D., and Mrs. Maggie Carrier, of Yucatan, Minn., have returned to their respective homes, after a visit with their mother, Mrs. A. Mc Dermid, of North Rushford.

Miss Flora Olson has returned to her home in this city, after a visit at Flandreau, S. D. Miss Flora will teach in the Winona schools this year, having charge of the kindergarten work there. Being a very successful worker in this line, Winona schools are assured of a splendid year's work.

The Misses Edith Olson and Bertha Vaagen have returned to their homes from a visit with relatives and friends in Iowa.

Miss Stella Tofstad, of this city, who for the past two years has taught the Ferndale school, southeast of Rushford, will this year teach at New Albin, Ia.

Miss Matie Backman, who last year completed the course in kindergarten work at the Winona Normal, has accepted a position in the schools at Austin, Minn.

Mrs. Lovaas, of Brooklyn, who has been confined to a La Crosse hospital for a week or ten days, is expected home some time this week. Her trouble is of the stomach.

Ed Anderson and family, of Choice, were guests of the Mrs. Gunder Anderson home, on Ferry street a day or so ago.

George Magnuson and John Johnson, of Grover, have been recent guests of Rushford relatives and friends.

Mr. Dale and family have moved into the Kjos residence occupied by Mrs. Moors, son and daughter, as the Julsrud residence lately occupied by the Dales, has been leased by Mr. Svyrud and family. The residence recently occupied by the latter family, has been purchased by Rev. L. J. Peterson, who must soon move because of their recent residence being purchased by Mr. T. R. Parish, of this city. Quite a general mix-up in the real estate line.

Nebuer Ginger Ale

Ginger Ale is a Befitting Drink for any Occasion and Should be in Every Home.

Order a Case Today.

Both Phones.

North Side Bottling Works

AUTO KILLS WOMAN

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 6.—Mrs. Martin C. Danielson, 40 years old, was struck by an automobile driven by Louis Huemmer on West Mifflin street Saturday night and so badly hurt that she died at a hospital on Sunday.

Misleading Audience.

"Why doesn't young Bliggins make more progress in his studies?" "He doesn't get the proper kind of encouragement. His father doesn't take any interest in what the boy knows about the classics, but is enthusiastic about the way he can play accompaniments on the banjo."—Washington Star.

No Longer "Plain."

"You used to say that you trusted the wisdom of the plain people." "Yes," replied the courtly candidate. "But so many charming women are now voting in my state that I could no longer think of referring to the people as 'plain.'"—Washington Star.

It's easy to be economical when one is bankrupt.

Here's Proof

A La Crosse Citizen Tells of His Experience

You have a right to doubt statements of people living far away but can you doubt La Crosse endorsement?

Read it:

W. Delphenick, 1718 Badger street, La Crosse, says: "My back gave out three years ago and from morning until night, I suffered from misery over my kidneys. I was delivering milk at that time and could hardly get in and out of the wagon. Someone told me that Doan's Kidney Pills would cure me and I tried them. They lived up to the claims made for them and soon removed every sign of pain in my back. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me to stay cured. I have recommended them before and I am glad to confirm my previous statement."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Delphenick had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Special 15 Day Offer

OF RELIABLE PAINLESS DENTISTRY

My best 22 karat Gold Crown $5.00
Bridge Work $5.00
Gold Fillings $2.50
Gold and Platinum Alloy Fillings $1.00
Whalebone Rubber Plates, the kind that lasts.. $12.50

Painless Extracting Free where contract is made for new work.

DR. WATTERSON

The Painless Dentist — 115 South Fourth Street

Car Extra Fancy IDAHO

PEACHES

in Bushel Baskets Due Friday.

IDAHO PEACHES **$1.75** BASKET EXTRA FINE THIS YEAR

Give your grocer or give us your order. Ask for Idaho Peaches.

JOHN C. BURNS FRUIT HOUSE



Better Order Us To Bring CAMEL Coal for your Grate. City Heat will not be on for Some Time.

Whitebreast Coal Co.

J. C. Burns, Pres.; F. W. Fox, Vice Pres.; J. D. Becker, Sec.-Treas.

217 CASS STREET

THE FASHION SHOP
F. A. REIMAN
EXCLUSIVE GARMENT STORE
Corner Fifth and Main Streets

Shoe Repairing
WHILE YOU WAIT.
JENSEN
107 N. Third Street

WE HAVE THE SERVICE everybody is talking about. Service that receives your freight and delivers it promptly anywhere in the city. Try it and you will agree with us. Phones 179.
GATEWAY CITY TRANSFER CO.
No. 214-216 Vine Street

MORRIS & HARTWELL
LAWYERS
LA CROSSE, WIS.

THE ONLY HAT FOR FALL is your old friend, the
LA CROSSE HAT
Get one now.
LaCrosseHatWorks
526 Main Street

For "Goodness" Sake eat
T-ZER BREAD
M. Erickson Baking Co.

Personals

B. A. Yeomen dance Tuesday, Sept. 7. Opening of new hall, 415 King. 75c couple; extra lady 25c.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Carman of Sheridan, Wyo., are the guests of friends in the city.

Fred Lenning was a business visitor in La Crosse Saturday from Bruce, South Dakota.

J. P. Miller, Minneapolis, transacted business in La Crosse Saturday.

Gordon Holway, who has been the guest of relatives and friends in the city for the past week, has returned to his home at Merrilan.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Minshall, Viroqua, spent the week-end with friends in La Crosse.

D. Drummond, jeweler, 522 State.

C. J. Burbach, Milwaukee, spent Saturday in the city on business.

George B. Lord, who has been the guest of friends in the city for the past few days has returned to Houston, Minn.

Frank Silbaugh arrived in the city Saturday from Agar, South Dakota for a visit with friends and relatives.

Phone Gateway City Transfer Co. for your next hack call. Phone 179.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Conklin have returned to their home at Victory after spending the week-end with friends in La Crosse.

Mrs. Robert C. Whelpley left Saturday for Kansas City, Mo., where she will teach in a school of music. She will be absent several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Coon of Aberdeen, S. D., are visiting friends in the city.

Miss Anna Giddings, Wabasha, was the guest of honor at a little entertainment Sunday at the home of Miss Angeline Scullin. Cards and dancing were the amusement. Light refreshments were served.



LOOK! LADIES,

We have something very fine in the form of a Liquid Face Powder which is far superior to the old style dry powder. Our powder does not cause the skin to become dry and rough, nor does it give you that unsightly appearance as though you had your face in a flour sack..

Hoeschler's Liquid Powder

cleanses the pores and whitens the skin. The best lotion for Tan, Sunburn, Pimples and Freckles. Does not peel nor irritate the skin like most powders, etc. Is put up in white and flesh. Once tried never without it. 25 cents per bottle.

HOESCHLER BROS.,
La Crosse, Wis.

RUPLIN'S EATWELL BREAD

Market Square

Farmers who registered at the city scales Saturday were W. Grosbach, La Crescent; W. Sagler, Jim Gillespie, Pine Creek; L. and C. Dusso, French Island; J. C. Meyer, Bostwick Valley; John Schnedecker, Hokah; and Henry Koethe, Brownsville, Minn.

FOR SUMMER EXHAUSTION

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Restores lost strength due to physical or mental exhaustion, nervousness and weak digestion.

ARTILLERY FIRE HEAVY

PARIS, Sept. 6.—From Ypres to the Swiss frontier the Franco-Flanders battle front was shaken by unusually heavy bombardment throughout yesterday and last night. In the Artois and Chamaign, regions the artillery duel was most fierce.

VACATION IS OVER

and you should not forget to have your paper sent to your home address. Call 323—now.

TODAY THE LAST DAY OF VACATION

Teachers Arrive for Opening of School After Summer's Holiday Tomorrow

ENROLLMENT WILL BE LARGE

List of Teachers Who Will Train the Young Idea Is Made Public

Today is the last day of vacation. While this reflection clouded the shining morning faces of some hundreds of school-boys of the city, preparations were busily in progress for the opening of all schools of the city tomorrow. Enrollment in both grade and high schools will be larger than last year, according to present forecasts, and several changes have been made in the teaching staff.

Teachers Arrive

Teachers began to arrive the latter part of last week from the homes and resorts where they spent the summer. The influx continued yesterday, and practically all were on the ground today. In this connection the board of education made public today the list of teachers and their assignments for the coming year.

Kliewer Succeeds Stuckert

Comparatively few changes are made in the teaching staff. In the high school pedagogical forces, there is but one change among the men teachers, Johann C. Kliewer succeeding Prof. Stuckert as head of the German department. Mr. Kliewer comes to La Crosse from Leadville, Colo. Miss Alice E. Green of Prairie du Chien has been added in the English department; and Miss Maud Neprud, of La Crosse, has been engaged to teach Latin and English. Miss Gertrude Dickens, formerly assistant of the normal school librarian, has been engaged as librarian, and Miss Winifred Forbes as clerk. Among the special teachers who are new to La Crosse are Miss Katherine Howes, of Tomah; Miss Ella Cronk, of Onalaska, both in household arts; and O. V. Myers, who comes from Winona to undertake work in manual training.

New faces among the grade school teachers include Miss Anna M. Grams, of Winona; Miss Josephine Caldwell, Chicago; Mrs. Mary Vesey, La Crosse; Miss Anna D. Thrall, Asheville, N. C.

The List

The list of teachers follows:

First District

Washington school, J. H. Kircher, principal; Miss Otilia Neumeister, grammar room asst; Miss Anna M. Grams, gramar room asst; Miss Gertrude Wiebrecht, Sixth grade; Miss Mary L. Damon, Fifth grade; Miss Ada Jagow, Fourth grade; Miss Nell Gaffney, Third grade; Miss Emma A. Hanson, Second grade; Miss Mary Becker, First grade; Miss Bessie D. Jones, kindergarten; Mr. Frank Walters, janitor.

Second District

Washburn school, Mr. W. C. Greenwalt, principal; Miss Anna L. Collins, grammar room assistant; Miss Margaret Lewis, gramma" room assistant; Miss Gertrude D. Heydon, seventh B. grade; Miss Charlotte Kohn, sixth grade; Miss Alice M. Byrne, fifth grade; Miss Ruth Klosheim, second grade; Miss Grace E. Guertin, first B and second B grades; Miss Elizabeth Witherbee, kindergarten; Mrs. C. A. McCarthy, ungraded room; Mr. Christ Johnson, janitor.

Longfellow school, Miss Bertha Cleveland, vice principal; Miss Grace Ogden, fourth grade; Miss Ruth E. Parks, third grade; Miss Maude E. Hodge, first grade; Mr. Andrew Englehard, janitor.

Third Disrtict

Lincoln school, Mr. D. H. Shepardson, principal; Miss Geneva Caldwell grammer room assistant; Miss Orrie M. Bigham, grammar room assistant; Miss Bertha C. Shuman, seventh grade; Mrs. Jessie Leissring, sixth A and seventh B; Miss M. Fay Shuman, fifth A and sixth B; Miss Lois Wilder, fourth A and fifth B; Miss Beatrice Leissring, third and fourth.

Lincoln school. Miss Johanna Mutchmann, third grade; Miss Olga Walloe, second grade; Miss Bertha E. Lawrence, first grade; Miss Josephine Caldwell, kindergarten; Mr. Andrew Olson, janitor.

Hogan school, Miss Bertha Hoefke, vice principal; Miss Josephine M. Kohn, fifth grade; Miss Nettie S. Hall, fourth grade; Miss Susan Campbell, third grade; Miss Elise D. Kluver, second grade; Miss Mabel Bjornstad, first grade; Miss Helen Weber, kindergarten; Miss Norma Reichelt; ungraded; Mr. Andrew Basch, janitor.

Fifth District

Jefferson school, Mr. Harry Spence, principal; Miss Rose Higgins, seventh B and sixth A; Miss Laila T. Robinson, sixth B; Miss Lillie L. Kosanda, fifth grade; Miss Mary H. Griswold, fourth grade; Miss Clara A. Anderson, third grade; Miss Mary Reilly, third B and second A grades; Miss Georgina E. Young, second B grade; Miss Mary Devine, first grade; Miss Jessica Lichtenberger, kindergarten; Miss Marion Southworth, ungraded; Mr. Eles Mekvold, janitor.

Sixth District

Hamilton school; Mr. F. H. Fowler, principal; Miss Hannah McConville, grammar room assistant; Miss Jennie A. Jennings, grammar room; Miss Vera G. Otten, seventh grade; Miss Ethel Tower, sixth grade; Mrs. Mary Vesey, fifth grade; Miss Alma M. Hosely, fifth grade; Miss Agnes Sparling, fourth grade; Miss Lillian G. Showers, fourth grade; Miss Anna V. Kinnear, third grade; Miss Stella I. Trane, second A and Third B; Miss Barbara J. Paul, second grade.

Hamilton school, Miss Nellie E. Jacob, first grade; Miss Ella Gregory, first grade; Miss Anna D. Thrall kindergarten; Miss Edna Larson, kindergarten assistant; Mr. Henry Otten, janitor; Mr. Bernt Dockendorf, janitor.

Webster school, Miss Katherine Gallagher, vice principal; Mrs. A. K. Sagen, fifth A and sixth B; Miss Emma L. Rohrer, fourth grade; Miss Ida Erickson, third grade; Miss Florence L. Oadams, second grade; Miss Mary D. Torrance, first grade; Miss Jessie Blackburn, kindergarten; Mr. Charles M. Groskopf, janitor.

Seventh District

Franklin school, Mr. H. G. Hayden, principal; Miss Elizabeth Gillespie, sixth grade; Miss Christine E. Nelson, seventh B; Miss Jennie F. Cabanis, sixth B and fifth A; Miss Flora E. Prescott, fifth grade; Miss Mary S. Marson, fifth B and fourth A; Miss Eunice Freeman, fourth grade; Miss Eda J. Kluver, fourth B and third A; Miss Edna E. Byrne, third grade; Miss Carolla Bangsberg, second grade; Miss Mabel Sjolander, first grade; Miss Gwendolyn Fenton, kindergarten; Miss Laura Warren, kindergarten assistant; Mr. George Barber, janitor.

Logan school, Miss Ella Woerpel, third grade; Miss Edna I. Campbell, second grade; Miss Agnes M. Lindas, first grade; Miss Helen Weber, kindergarten; Miss Birdelle Morrison, kindergarten assistant; Mr. Julius Zander, janitor.

North Branch school, Miss Geneva Atkinson, second grade; Miss Barbart M. Knothe, first B and second B; Miss Agnes Knight, janitress.

Junior high school, Miss Nealie A. Nelson, history; Miss Julit Higgins, English; Miss Helen H. Gorton, spelling, arithmetic, penmanship; Mr. Carl I. Erickson, manual training; Miss Ruth Kirkland, household arts; Mr. Henry Hansen, janitor.

High School

Mr. B. E. McCormick, principal; Miss Lena Heideman, vice principal and head of history department; Mr. Robert H. Butler, head of commercial department and supervisor of penmannship; Mr. Erwin A. Peart, supervisor of manual training; Mr. Horton Kline, head of mathematics department; *Mr. Johann C. Kliewer, head of German department; Mr. Owen E. Horne, supervisor of physical culture and director of athletics. Miss Caroline Ruddock, supervisor of household arts; Miss Fern Hackett, head of English department; Mr. Roswell C. Puckett, science and Mathematics; Mr. Homer W. Leach, mathematics; Mr. F. H. Thomas, metal trades; Mr. Layton Gouldin, chemistry; Mr. Emmett Hassett, physics; Mr. C. D. Browser, woodworking; Mr. J. V. Ernst, mathematics; Mr. William Collinge, mathematics; Miss Marie Hektoen, German; Miss Anna M. Mashek, English; Miss Cora F. Desmond, English; Miss May V. Dunn, English; Miss Alma J. Wylie, physical culture; Miss Ada D. Wilke, German; Mr. William D. Mayo, mechanical drawing; Mrs. E. Irish, science; Miss Catherine E. Hayes, history; Miss Cora B. Swift; French-mathematics; Miss Ethel Elliot, English; Miss Florence Hargrave, English; Miss Jennie M. Constance, English; Mrs. Margaret Cavanaugh, commercial brnches; Mr. F. D. Jameson, commercial branches; Miss Ruth Cotton, English; Miss Alice E. Green, English and German; Miss Norah Guertin, commercial branches; Miss Cora Kempter, sewing; Miss H. Margaret Josten, history and mathematics; Miss Caryl R. Williams, Latin and English; Miss Maud Neprud, English and German; Miss Dorothy Rendell, millinery and sewing; Miss Margaret Curry, English; Miss Gertrude Dickens, librarian; Miss Winifred Forbes, clerk; Miss Emily Hamburger, director of lunch room; Miss Alice Matiak, assistant.

Janitors

Mr. George Oelschig, Mr. George Schwanzle, Miss Ema Pietz, Mr. O. F. Opsahl, high school annex; Mr. William Baum, night watchman; Mr. Louis Weise, engineer.

Special Teachers

Miss Ida E. MacLean, supervisor of music; Miss Helen Hudson, supervisor of drawing; Mr. A. R. Mitchell, manual training; Miss Katherine Howes, household arts; Mf. O. V. Myers, manual training; Miss Ella Cronk, household arts; Miss Minnie Britt, director of deaf school; Miss Anna Grams, German.

EAST MAY GET SUNDAY BALL

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—A deal may be closed within the next week, it was said today, which will give New York major league baseball on Sunday and at the same time form an attack on the federal's proposed invasion of New York next season.

Those who suffer in silence, if they so suffer, have plenty of ways of making their suffering known.—Deseret News.

La Crosse Theatre
TODAY
Matinee 2:30. Night 8:15
LOUIS PINSKI
Four act comedy
"THE SWEETEST GIRL IN DIXIE"
Real vaudeville between acts.
Matinee all seats 10c.
Night, 10c and 20c.
Seats selling.

VATICAN PUTS ON HEAVY PROTECTION

American-made Guns Used for Safety of Seat of Catholic Church

THE STATE IS GENEROUS

Pope Refuses Complement of Men but Accepts Vigilance of the Police

BY ALICE ROHE
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

ROME, July 30 (By mail)—While startling stories of how the Pope is about to flee to Spain for safety continue to blossom on the journalistic tree with regularity, it is interesting to know what is really going on to protect the head of the historic church.

That the Vatican is protected by Remington and Wetterly arms, gives quite a modern touch to the picturesque pile. The protection offered and given by the Italian government is interesting to analyze on account of the relations between church and state. Benedict XV has no need to worry for his safety as the government of Italy not only gives protection, but has offered far more than he would accept.

As to internal security the Italian police could take no steps as the Vatican is considered a "foreign state." The Italian government besought the pope to accept, if it so pleased him, whatever armed forces he saw fit for the protection of the Vatican and the pontifical property. These men would be exempt from military duty to the Italian government. Moreover the government offered the Pope the necessary protection of modern arms and ammunition.

Benedict XV, always practical, declined the offer of men, being undesirous of increasing the numbet of Vatican armed guards, especially since he had desired all of his attendants who had military service to perform or who wished to go as volunteers to file at once beneath the banner of the aPtria. The Holy Father is credited with saying to Cardinal Gasparri: "Let all go who have the obligation, let all go who have the desire and let them know that not a soldier will be deducted from their pay and that their places will be waiting for them—But let us not talk of accepting the offer of the government for more men—that would be the same as converting the Vatican into a haven of poltroons."

The government knowing how the apostolic palaces are infected with Austrian spies, who as visitors to the great museums and galleries alleged students of the libraries, have ears and eyes open, suggested an army of plain-clothes men.

The Vatican, however, so far has not accepted the government's offer of police though there is every reason to believe arms and ammunition have been introduced into the Vatican through the government. The armed Vatican corps are indeed manned with Remingtons. These arms being heavy, Swiss guards are being trained in the use of Wetterlys, the heavier arms being given to the outside guards. The gendarmes are also armed with revolvers which they need in their duty in the gardens and courts.

Barracks Established

In Piazza St. Peter and in the Old Borgo there are two barracks, in which are stationed great contingents of territorial militia and carabinieri who are in constant contact with detectives in uniform and in plain-clothes, who in turn are stationed at the famous bronze doors in the Via della Fondamenta along the outside wall of the Basilica of Saint Peter. At the Cavalleggeri gate and the Angelica gate are two stations of carabinieri, reinforced by a great body of territorial militia. Protection of the Vatican meteorological observatory, which is in the garden, has been augumented by the presence of a number of civil functionaries who assist the Jesuits. In the observatory an electrical reflector has been placed with which it is possible to search the now dangerous depths of the sky. The observatory is in direct telephonic communication with the Vatican. It was thought at first a good idea to place an observation station upon the cupolo of St. Peters as was done in 1870, but this idea was abandoned.

Guard Placed

A most scrupulous guard has been placed about the palaces of the Dataria and the Cancelleria and the Propoganda of the Faith beneath the Quirinal.

It is believed the treasure of the Propoganda may have been transported to the subterranean vaults of the Vatican or elsewhere.

At night the apostolic palaces are wrapped in darkness as is wise in a city within the war zone, for the church has learned its lessons from Rheims and its other despoiled religious houses.

The rare pedestrians who pass at night through the solitary ways on either side the Vatican are regularly stopped by carabinieri. And if these passers-by can not justify their presence at that hour in the deserted ways they are amiably requested to choose more frequented streets. Even supply wagons which at dawn clatter up to the Vatican are inspected minutely, and the drivers have to present identification cards. Letter carriers and messenger boys are stopped at the bronze doors, where they give over their messages except those for the secretary of state. Special ushers carry the mesages to the other persons residing within the Vatican walls.

It is clear how vigilant an eye the government keeps on the Vatican and how careful is it's protection.

Health First!

The first essential to proper care of the body is nourishment that goes directly to the rebuilding and maintenance of muscle, brain and nerve cells.

Grape-Nuts

and Cream

is a powerful, self-sufficient ration. It contains all the rich nutritive elements of whole wheat and malted barley, including the mineral salts so essential to thorough nourishment, but so lacking in white bread and other common foods.

It is partly predigested in its making and agrees with child and adult alike--a delicious, healthful dish for any meal.

A 10 days' trial shows

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers.

NELSONS VICTORS OVER WHITEHALL

Nelson sluggers yesterday gained sweet revenge over Whitehall by beating the baseballers from that town 7 to 3 at Onalaska. Sid Jacques, touted hurler, was banished in the third and Lamberson and Hilberg proved but little better. Sickles threw the entire game for the Nelsons. Only in the sixth inning did the Trempealeau county men threaten. They scored three runs but were squelched thereafter. The Nelsons play the trainmen at Onalaska today.

The score:	R	H	E
Whitehall 000003000	3	4	2
Nelsons 01211200*	7	14	1

Batteries—Jacques, Lamberson, Hilberg and Hough; Sickles and Childers.

CLASSIFIED BUSINESS DIRECTORY

A Ready Reference Guide and Telephone Directory of Business and Professional Interests of La Crosse

By consulting this Directory and patronizing the firms whose names appear here daily you can save time and money.

Abstracts of Title

Only Abstract Books in LaCrosse Co. J. L. Pettingill, 304 Main. Tel. 353.

Auto, Carriage Painting

P. E. Rogensack, 1645 George. Tel. 797-C. Blacksmithing. Horseshoeing.

Auto Tire Repairing

For Guaranteed Vulcanizing, see Anderson, the Tire-Man. 219 State.

Art Glass and Mirror Mfrs.

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Wire, Iron Fences; Elevator inclosures. Fire Escapes. Trepte, 121 S. Front

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Mfg. Dealers. High Grade Building brick. Meier Brick Wks. Phones.

Bicycles and Supplies

Mail orders solicited. King, the Bike Man. New phone 1131-C.

Pierce & Dayton Bicycles. Supplies. Gen'l repairs. Joe Smith, 514 S. 8th.

Business Education

La Crosse Business College, 506 Main New phone 1351-M. W. G. Lowe.

Business Chances

Want to Buy or Sell a Business? See Lewis Bros. 4th and Main.

Cornice, Sheet Metal Work

General repairing and furnace work. Jos. Hahn, 532 Mill street.

Chiropractors

Chiropractic removes cause of disease. Geo. F. Robb, 506 Main. Hours 9-12, 2-5. Others by appointment.

Chiropodists

Prof. John MacLaren, new phone 1144-C. 421 Main street, up-stairs.

Nina B. Rindlaub. New phone 847-A. 129 N. Ninth. Formerly over Barron's

Cameras, Photo Supplies

Julie's Pharmacy. Both phones. Developing, printing. Mail orders solicited

Elastic Stockings

Supporters, trusses made to order. Max Albert, 410 South Third street.

Eyesight Specialists

R. G. Bestor, most reasonable sight specialist. 500 Cass. New 1691-R.

Glasses made, eyes examined. C. B. Stevens, 207 State B'k. Phone 481-A.

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Artists, Engravers, Electrotypers. Phone 223. Northern Engraving Co.

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Hynne-Benrud Granite Co., 414 S. 3d & opp. Oak G. Cem. Montello Granite

Seitz-Neumann Monument Co. New Phone 1439-C. 400 South Third St.

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Try LaX Painting & Decorating Co. for high class work. 304 So. 4th St.

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Repair anything. Machine cut keys. C. A. Krebaum, 105 N. Third street.

Holmen Truck Line

Motor truck service, La Crosse to Holmen. Call 433 new phone.

Hotels

Grand Hotel. European plan. Rates 25c to $1.00. First class and clean.

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D. J. Jehlen. Wholesale & Retail. high grade Sausage Makers. 121 So. 3rd.

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Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Bicycles. Supplies. Campbell's. 225 N. 3rd

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Want a Loan? Have Money to Loan. See Lewis Bros. 4th and Main.

Bonds, Loans, Mortgages

7½ % real estate bonds, farm mortgages, Loans. Roth Realty Co. Maj.

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Fox Bros., 205 State. Phone 287-M. Balancing horses a specialty.

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Remington, Monarch, Smith Premier Typewriters. 500 Main. Phone 378.

A Royal means greater efficiency. New phone 267-M. J. F. Wilson.

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Superior quality of work. George Egeiberg, 144 S. 6th. New 832-R.

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L. H. White, licensed Undertaker and Embalmer. Both phones. 311 Pearl.

A. A. Fessler Co. Chapel in connection. 109 S. Third. Branch at La Crescent, Minn. W.M.Selby in charge

Frank Tillman, 1009 So. Seventh. Both phones. Country business sol.



LABOR SUNDAY IS OBSERVED BY THE CITY'S CHURCHES

Many Churches Take Notice of Today's Celebration and Labor Sermons Are Preached

WARNS CAPITAL TO BE FAIR

Rev. D. C. Jones Predicts That Government Will Control Capital if Labor Is Ignored

Yesterday was Labor Sunday in La Crosse.

Churches all over the city took notice of today's annual labor day celebration in their services, and many members of organized labor's forces listened to the addresses from the pulpits dealing with labor and its problems.

Fairness and brotherhood—the golden rule, in short—must become recognized factors in the solution of labor difficulties if government is not to step in and dictate wages and hours of labor, according to Rev. D. C. Jones, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, in a sermon on "Man's Two-fold Problem" last night.

"These elements," he said, "are not new in the general relation of man to man, but they are new in the application that is now being made of these principals to a specific department of the general relation of man to man, namely in the labor problem."

"Time was when the economic relation ruled heartlessly in the labor world. The employer took every advantage to secure labor at the least cost, irrespective of the moral elements involved. Now the moral and humanitarian elements are being introduced into the labor problem.

Right as Well as Needs

"Apart from the mere law of supply and demand; of cold calculation of what one will pay and what the other must receive in wages, there is now the further element of what is right and wrong in this bargain.

"The equity of the matter works both ways. It involves now only the question of what share of his labor the employer is justly entitled to, but also the kind of service the employer is entitled to from his employe. This is one of the elements that enters most powerfully into the liquor question of today, as related to the working man. Can the working man fill himself with 'booze' and at the same time give his employer a just return in service for the wages he receives? This is the core of the 'wet' question in the industrial world today and the answer of the question by both sides will be the final solution of the liquor problem.

Golden Rule in Business

"Common human brotherhood must also have a place in the relation. 'Do unto others as you would have others do unto you,' and 'Man to man shall brother be,' embody profound truths that are now seeking admission as vital elements in industrial relations. Here is the special sphere of the church influence and its mission, related to this problem. It is the mission of the church to try to understand and to preach the equity and the brotherhood that must enter into any just settlement of the labor problem.

"Unless this nation wide problem can be solved satisfactorily, privately, by employer and employe on the basis of equity and good will, the people in their national capacity will have to step in and settle it on just this basis.

Government Control

"In my opinion, the labor problem is barely beginning to be considered, and unless fairness, and equity and brotherhood are shown by employer and employe such laws will be enacted in every state as will determine the amount of wages paid and the character and value of services rendered. This will mean that private enterprises will come largely under government supervision and control. Opposed as we may be to paternalism in any of its forms, I, on my part, would welcome any form of government that would secure an adequate and fair adjustment of the rights of all concerned, rather than live perpetually on the verge of a volcano which may at any minute throughout community or the nation at large lead into a civil and industrial turmoil and anarchy."

Urges Broadness

Rev. Finch A. Clarke, pastor of the North Presbyterian church spoke yesterday morning upon the need of broadmindedness; of mutual understanding between the employer and the employe. He pointed out that before the two could thoroughly agree, each must sympathize with the other and understand the others' needs.

Rev. Clarke chose for his subject "The Loneliness of Man."

"It is almost impossible,' he said, "for any man to understand the joys and trials of another. Realizing this fact, we must impress upon our minds the need of broadmindedness; the importance of looking upon others from their viewpoint, as well as from our own.

"The two great causes of the so-called labor problem are narrow-mindednes and a lack of sympathy. Sometimes employes are not sympathetic towards their employers and sometimes employers do not show sympathy to employes. Many times employers make unreasonable demands on employes for the reason that they do not understand their problems.

"There is no doubt in the minds of the citizens of this country that a decade ago the coal mine operators of the east were narrowminded and unsympathetic toward the miners. Conditions became so unbearable that something had to be done. They were finally successful in changing conditions and every nobleminded man in America was with them in their difficulty; in fact I believe that it was public sentiment that brought about the relief.

Consideration Due

"There are 'strikes' and 'strikes,' and the laboring man should be careful lest he become narrowminded and unsympathetic towards the employer, whose responsibilities must be met and whose problems must be solved.

"How much more perfect would be our judgment of others if we would stop to consider this awful, but actual fact of human isolation; how much more charitable and considerate we would be.'

Discusses Badger Situation

In discussing the necessity of each bearing his share of the common burden, Rev. Carlos C. Rowlison, of the Congregational church, discussed briefly the political situation in Wisconsin. Paternalism, Mr. Rowlison called our present system. In this connection he said:

"I have been in Wisconsin but two years. In that time I have witnessed a bitter campaign in which, as it seemed to me, mere money was the main issue. If there has been extravagance and inefficiency, it is self evident that they should be corrected. But while there has been such a protest against high taxes, I haven't been assessed any taxes at all. I am told that there are many thousands of citizens of Wisconsin whose incomes like mine are so small that we are not taxed.

"Now here, it seems to me is a principle at stake worth having a campaign over. As a citizen I enjoy all the rights and privileges, but I pay nothing for them. If I and the rest of the non-taxpaying citizens paid our share for the support of our government, I have no doubt it would appreciably lower the taxes of the farmers and of the corporations and other business interests. Why should not this be the issue of a campaign, if taxes are exhorbitant, and not resort to a petty humiliation of one of the greatest universities and one of the greatest university presidents in the world? I am sure it would be more Christian, at least.

"'Taxation without representation is tyranny,' is a watchward which brought this nation into existence. But here we have come to the other face of this thing, and we should know its name. Enjoying the rights of citizens, without bearing the burdens of citizens, is paternalism; and paternalism is but a softened name for tyranny. When any class of men pay the taxes of another, the tax-paying class will inevitably become the lords of the non-taxpaying class. This sort of tyranny is far more subtle than the tyranny of King George III, but it is even more real.

"It must become the desire of all men to know the fellowship of his sufferings, or the problems of labor and capital, of poverty and wealth, of sickness and health, of freedom and slavery will forever remain unsolved. But the knowledge of the cross brings all things in common, so that one controlled by this knowledge can truly exclaim, 'All things are yours, and ye are Christ's, and Christ is God's.'"

"Union Label" Topic

"The Union Label" was the subject of Rev. W. J. Peacock's sermon at the First Baptist church. He spoke in part as follows:

"When organized labor adopted the union label as its symbol, it began a peaceful conquest for the good will of the American public. Unionism makes a perfectly fair offer to the people; as far as it is reasonably possible, to protect the quality of the article made, in return for fair wages, reasonable working hours and sanitary shops. The label has struck the fancy of the country. Today the United States government recognizes the stamp. Certain individual states guarantee its terms and thousands of buyers have learned to look for it as an assurance of clean, well made articles.

"Labor and capital have come at last to the field of publicity. Nothing can be won and kept won these days except on grounds of justice, truth and honor.

"As yet it cannot be urged that the union label on an article guarantees its quality to be always better than the non-union article. There may be two reasons. One may hear the argument that the union laborer gets only an average chance. The conditions of production are anything but ideal as yet. The other reason is that union men are human beings, after all, and not every man has the sense of pride to keep the quality the label should guarantee.

"I advocate, in all seriousness, as a believer in labor unions, that men of all trades be urged to bring the quality of their work up to the highest possible mark of perfection. Shoddy work must never be permitted to throw dust upon an emblem which has a sacred task of elevating the workingman's lot.

Put Label Over Bench

"Every union man should nail the union label over his workbench, and for the sake of its appeal, put personal honor and his best life into the article he is making. The public is simple minded, and bound to ask that goods made under decent conditions and for fair pay shall be worth all that is asked for them.

"The union label, after all, stands for the simple essentials of life which all Americans crave. Wages that are adequate for families. The foreign standard is the single man, with no family to support. Whether one believes in the label or not, he wants the protection it affords."

It's usually difficult for a woman who is fond of her own way to understand why her husband is not.

THE DOME

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

"RESTITUTION"

Two parts.

"THE MAID OF ROMANCE"

"MR. JARR AND THE LADY REFORMER"

Comedy.

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Another Rip Smashing Big Universal Special

"The Cheval Mystery"

In three parts, featuring the wonderful two—**Rosemary Theby** and **Harry Meyers.** Also in

"We Should Worry"

Comedy. And **Murdoc McQuarrie** in

"The Old Grouch"

He sees his real self. **A great program. You can't afford to miss it.**

THE FALL TERM OF THE KEEFE BUSINESS COLLEGE 4th and Pearl Sts.,

will begin September 7, 1915. Students are registering every day. Our special rate will close Saturday, Sept. 4. Don't forget that while there are many good schools in La Crosse and vicinity, the Keefe Business College excels them all. This was vividly demonstrated last winter when the revealing of our methods caused a real sensation among the students of another college in this city. The result was that 36 students discarded their paid up scholarships and came to us to complete their education. This caused their former teachers to resign and go into business for themselves. It was the Keefe business methods that did it. They can't be equalled. Get your scholarship of us now. You will likely come to us later to complete your education as many others have. Another feature about this college worth considering is you are always sure of getting a good position when you finish your education. Office open day and evening. Call, telephone or write for further information.

Male or Female

FOR RENT—One furnished room, city heat. Call mornings. 234 South Seventh. Phone 644-A. 9 6 18

FOR SALE—16 foot pleasure launch, with 3 h. p. Watkins high speed motor. Everything new. Write or call on. H. F. Watson, 514½ State St. 9 6 10

THIS IS THE AD YOU'RE LOOKING FOR.

You men and women of La Crosse and Vicinity are invited tomorrow (all day) to become acquainted with a man who thoroughly understands the making of men's and women's clothes.

It is the intention of this man to make his home in La Crosse, he feeling that there is a great need here for a man who can please the public by making garments which not only fit as they should, but which are of the latest styles, so that when visiting any city you can feel that the clothes you wear are as modish as any made, say in the city of New York.

JOHN BERNHARD

New Phone No. 426-A SUITE 513 **STATE BANK BUILDING**

LABOR PEACEFUL IN FIGHT SAYS MAYOR BENTLEY

(Continued from Page One.)

which otherwise would have been a charge upon the public treasurer.

"Too high praise cannot be given to this particular phase of labor's organized effort. It is a work given little thought by the ordinary laymen, but the monetary blessings have reached a magnitude vastly greater than that of any other organization in the world."

Here is Mr. Bentley's cited figures from the reports of many unions, showing the benefits paid to members:

"These total amounts were not paid to organized labor as dividends," continued the mayor, "nor have they been invested in securities and profit earning investments. The money has been used to alleviate the suffering of the needy and the unfortunate ones who have met with accident, sickness, death or unemployment. It has been a sweet and wholesome message—although distributed in small amounts to the ones receiving the needed help. It has been a kind and loving contribution from a great organization whose purpose is pure, although firm, and organized and directed by rules and laws.

"I have copied the following preamble from one of the labor organizations, setting forth their objects in the following language: "The objects of this organization are to discourage piece work; to encourage an apprentice system and higher standard of skill! to cultivate feelings of friendship among the men of the craft; to assist each other to secure employment; to secure adequate pay for work done; to reduce the hours of daily toil; to elevate the moral, social, intellectual conditions of its members, to improve the trade; to furnish aid in cases of sickness, permanent disability, or death; a candidate to be admitted to beneficial membership must be of good moral character and competent to competent to command standard wages.'

"In all the worthy movements, thus we see the great controlling principal which is not best expressed by the strike, nor is it best expressed by those who cannot find any excuse at any time for a strike; but this principal has guided the great majority of all labor organizations, the great principal of bettering the conditions of life, of bettering individual conditions, of bettering the conditions of the masses.

Labor Demands Service

"The great labor movement of this country is not alone for the purpose of demanding more pay. When correctly understood, it will be found to demand worth and service from its own ranks. Organized labor has been a great impetus to the individual in bracing him to become a good citizen, to do good service to his country, to those who are depending upon him, and to himself.

Daniel Webster said, "Labor is the great producer of wealth. It moves all other causes, and all my sympathies are with American labor and my voice, till I am dumb, will be for it.' Carlyle said, 'The modern majesty consists in work. What a man can do is his greatest ornament and he always consults his dignity by doing it.'

"So, we see the world's thought changing, swiftly moving toward a comprehension of the hopes, demands and aspirations of this great organized force. The great heart of labor is not selfish; it is not bitter, it is not warlike. It loves peace. They have responded and will continue to respond to fight the world's battles, in the great wars when the cause of humanity needs them; although in all the conflicts of temperament, of passion, of those unbridled forces in individuals! and in spite of the ills and wrongs that have been done, they love peace more than war, and they are pledged as an organization because of their pure hearts, to fight their own great battle by peaceful methods, by educational work, by argument, by reason, and by service.

Many Misled

"We have faith in the good intentions of a large majority of our citizens who have been favored by the conditions that have made it possible for them to obtain vast wealth. We feel that they themselves have ben victims of the rampant, destructive, unnoticed principal that has made it possible for them to ride upon the wave of prosperity in this commercial age, which has curtained from their view, temporarily, some of the vital and all controlling essentials effecting society and the individual members of the body politic."

WINONA WINTER HEADS A CLASSY BILL AT MAJESTIC

All class is the fitting description of the Majestic bill which the famous Winona Winter is headlining for the first half of the week. Big houses last night night were solidly of that opinion. Miss Winter is the classiest of the outfit, it was generally conceded. The little blonde comedienne made a tremendous hit with her unexpectedly versatile act. She sings beautifully, and adds to an act already satisfactory a delightful impersonation of Harry Lauder and a clever bit of ventriloquism, which ends with a well done yodel song. Miss Winter has a dainty and charming manner, and wins all hearts with her beauty.

Bert Hanlon was funmaker-in-chief, with a collection of absurd comical songs which delighted the house. Here is a sample title: "They Don't Ask You Where You Got it When You Get It; When You Get it, You Got It. 'S Enough." But it wasn't enough for the audience. Hanlon had to do it over three or four times.

Lee Morgan and Baryl Gray have a realistic one act play from the pen of Willard Mack, which ends with an unexpected snap that leaves the audience roaring. It is a scene from the life of a commuter, full of clever lines and business.

HESPERIAN FALLS TO SUBMARINE OFF COAST OF ENGLAND

(Continued from Page One.)

aboard the Hesperian. He said he was awaiting the report of the Hesperian officers, who remained aboard the liner and that the only member of the crew interviewed was the assistant purser, who Frost wired, said that the vessel was torpedoed without warning. Less than an hour after the Hesperian sent out her first wireless calls for help, a fleet of rescue steamers surrounded her. They picked up the passengers and many members of the crew and headed for Queenstown. Several women, who had retired early and were in their night clothes when the steamer was struck, were among those thrown into the water by the capsizing of the two boats and suffered severely from exposure until they were taken aboard the rescue craft.

Some of the slightly wounded of the Canadian soldiers proved themselves heroes when the two boats capsized, according to passengers landed at Queenstown. They dove from other boats and rescued women and children, struggling in the darkness.

The sea was calm but for a time there was danger that one of the boats would sink, according to some of the passengers. Leaky seams were plugged with stockings and pieces of women's skirts.

In three quarters of an hour, all boats had been put over, the captain, first and third officers, the chief engineer and carpenter remaining on board. While the rescue ships were drawing near the passengers kept up their courage by singing Tipperary.

SELKE-PETERSON

Miss Zara Peterson and Emil Selke were married Saturday evening by the Rev. D. C. Jones, at the home of the bride's brother, 813 Ferry St. They will make their home at 813 Ferry St. After the ceremony a wedding supper was served to the guests, relatives and intimate friends of the couple. Mr. Selke is employed at the Arctic Ice and Fuel company.

Many Kinds of Rheumatism One Sure Mode of Treatment

Authorities Say Don't Use Liniments. Treat It Through the Blood. You Can't Rub It Out!

Whether your trouble is Sciatica, Lumbago or the dreaded Articular Rheumatism, the answer is the same. You must treat it through the blood. That is the only way to rid the system of uric acid, purify the blood and revitalize the nerves. If the blood is freed from impurities, Rheumatism must go. This in short is the exact knowledge gained by the research laboratories of the **S. S. S. Co.,** in Atlanta. There tests have been made for fifty years. They know what Rheumatism is. They know that **S. S. S.,** the remarkable blood tonic, which they originated, will relieve you of Rheumatism. Take **S. S. S.** today. The complete recovery of thousands of sufferers by the use of **S. S. S.** is positive proof that you can be relieved. **S. S. S.** is a blood tonic—a purifier that restores the blood, revitalizes it, cleanses it, makes it pure as it was before it became poisoned with impurities. **S. S. S.** gives it strength to drive out these impurities—the uric acid and organic poison and with it the Rheumatism. Get **S. S. S.** at your druggist's. If you need special advice, write to **S. S. S. Co., Atlanta, Ga.**

"HAVE I EVER BEEN INTRODUCED TO YOU?"

WILLIAM FAVERSHAM

IN

"THE RIGHT OF WAY"

The Picture Par Excellence of the year

TODAY TOMORROW

2:00, 3:15, 4:30, 7:00, 8:15 and 9:30.

BE IN ON TIME

THE CASINO

Note: No 5c tickets sold at night.

PETEY DINK—Yes, the Call of Business Must Be Obeyed

By C. A. Voight



If You Don't Read The TRIBUNE WANT ADS You May Miss The Very Opportunity You Are Looking For.

Classified Want Ad Rates

Under any classification, one-half cent per word for each insertion. No single insertion for less than fifteen cents.

A MONTHLY RATE of fifty cents per line per month is made on standing ads. Nothing less than three lines accepted under this rate.

TELEPHONE YOUR AD. TO THE TRIBUNE office any time before noon, and it will be inserted the same day.

BOTH PHONES 323

HELP WANTED—MALE

ABLE-BODIED MEN for firemen, brakemen, $120 monthly; experience unnecessary. Railway, care Tribune.

WANTED—Bricklayers. Apply at St. Francis hospital job. 8 23 tf

SALESMAN—Travel and appoint agents, salary $80 a month and expenses. Home Supply Co., Station A, Niagara Falls, N. Y. 8 30 9 6

WANTED—Man to help with cleaning furnaces and blacken stoves. Apply after 5 o'clock. Fred Dittman Hardware Co., 129 South Fourth. 9 1 tf

WANTED—Men to sell our goods. Special inducements. Best paying line known. Write quick. First National Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y. 9 4 7

WANTED—Elderly man for two or three hours work a day as porter. Must be able to wash windows and do all other necessary work, and furnish references. Apply before Tuesday, Geo. B. Rose Jewelry Store, 310 Main street. 9 4 6

WANTED—Boys at Stoddard hotel. 9 4 7

WANTED—Engineer. Reliable Steam Laundry, 117-119 North Sixth. 9 4 7

WANTED—Men to work on sewer. Thill-Manning-Whalen Co. 9 4 6

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Better your conditions. Write for catalog. Tri-City Barber college, Davenport, Ia. 8 29 9 27

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—Kitchen girl and girl to work for board. 215 South Fifth street. 9 6 8

WANTED—Competent second maid for down stairs work. Mrs. Henry Gund, 1509 King St. 8 27 9 9

WANTED—Dining room and second girl. Hotel Doering. 9 1 7

WANTED—Experienced dining room girls at Northwestern hotel. 9 3 6

WANTED—A woman or girl as waitress and clerk at the Woman's Exchange. Good salary to right party. 9 4 7

WANTED—Competent girl for housework. 1231 Ferry. 9 4 7

WANTED—Young lady experienced in selling stationery. Doerflinger's. 9 3 6

WANTED—Dining room girl at Home restaurant, 118 South Fifth. 8 30 tf

FOR SALE

WE HAVE a stock of general merchandise for sale invoicing about $6,500 in a good thriving town located in a splendid farming and dairy community; good schools, churches, electric lights and other modern conveniences, on the main line of the railroad. Nationality mixed but principally German. Liberal terms for part payments. Or would consider small farm as part payment. I do not have time to give the business my personal attention. A good opportunity for the right man. Address P. O. Box No. 418, La Crosse, Wis. 9 6 11

FOR SALE—An Electric La Crosse washing machine. Used less than sixty days. This machine was too small and was replaced by a larger machine and is in very good condition. Price $30. W. A. Grimes & Co., 223 Main street. mon thur tf

FOR SALE—Two lots. A snap. Must sell. Call new phone 516-C. 8 31 9 6

HAY FOR SALE—Wild, bluejoint, clover and timothy mixed; also fine pasture for horses and cattle, running water. H. S. Burroughs, new phone 688-A. Farm phone 1070-M. 8 20 tf

FOR SALE—A nice saloon and buildings, a nice park in connection. Call John Medinger, Mormon Coulee Road, La Crosse, Wis. 9 6 18

FOR SALE—30 foot fast launch, 4 cylinder with reverse gear. Practically new and in perfect condition. Easy terms. Will Ott. 8 9 tf

FOR SALE—12 horse gasoline engine, almost new, cheap if taken at once. Wm. Fuller, Tunnel City, Wis. 9 2 14

FOR SALE—Dining room chairs, dressers, commode, buffet, rockers, bedsteads, springs and mattress, Radiant Air Blast heater No. 18, Jewel coal range. Call new phone 1499-C or 1120 South Sixth street. 9 3 6

FOR SALE—Motorcycle in good condition, new tires, $50. Address N. C., care Tribune. 9 3 9

FOR SALE—Bed, air-tight heater, dishes. 925 Vine. 9 3 16

FOR SALE—Sixteen foot hunting boat. Call at 629 North Ninth street. 8 25 9 7

FOR SALE—Indian Twin motorcycle. Peach. Fully equipped. $100 or best offer. Big bargain. 921 Farnam. 9 3 6

FOR SALE—House and lot, fronting on both State street and Campbell road. Five rooms. Call new phone 1516-C. 9 3 16

FOR SALE—Thor motorcycle, 9 h. p., 2 speed, 1914 model. Inquire 408 South Seventh. 9 2 8

FOR SALE—5 passenger Buick motor car, will make good truck, $75. La Crosse Car Co., 219 North Third. 9 1 7

FOR SALE—A good milch cow. Inquire at 1724 Cass street. 9 1 8

FOR SALE—Good horse, harness and rubber-tired top buggy. New phone 928-M. 8 30 9 11

FOR SALE—Cheap, bakery, soda fountain and candy store in enterprising town near La Crosse. Established 23 years. Address B. C., care Tribune. 9 4 7

FOR SALE—Medium size safe. Address D., Tribune. 9 4 tf

FOR SALE—Summer cottage locations in "Shore Acres" on Mississippi. Buy now, build later. $100 buys acre. Terms if desired. W. V. Kidder, 114 N. 5th. 8 27 tf

FOR SALE—Three drays. 319 Jay. 8 30 9 9

FOR SALE—Chickens. New phone 1228-R. 8 30 9 11

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—House. Phone 1010-R. 8 31 9 6

FOR RENT—Large modern, well ventilated east room, upper flat, 303 West avenue north. Phone 951-R. 9 3 7

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board. 627 Vine. 8 30 9 11

FOR RENT—Store, 417 South Third. Inquire in rear. 9 1 tf

FOR RENT—Floor space at 310-312 State St., call 388 both phones. 8 23 tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room for one or two gentlemen. 320 North Eighth. 9 2 6

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 215 South Seventh. Telephone 665-R. 8 30 9 11

FOR RENT—Strictly modern furnished room. 503 Vine. 9 3 16

FOR RENT—Furnished room, suitable for two. 413 Cameron avenue. 9 3 6

FOR RENT—Five room house. 1810 Green Bay. 9 3 16

FOR RENT—Two six room apartments and sun parlors, hot water heat, strictly modern. Call mornings. 950 Cass. 9 3 16

FOR RENT—Seven room house, modern except heat, at 1302 Jackson. Inquire at 1514 Vine. New phone 585-C. 8 30 9 11

FOR RENT—Garage. Call 1746-M. 585-C. 9 3 tf

FOR RENT—Strictly modern furnished room. 517 So. 4th. 8 27 9 9

FOR RENT — Modern furnished rooms. 631 State. 8 27 tf

FOR RENT—Large modern furnished front room, suitable for two or four. 149 South Sixth. 9 4 6

FOR RENT—One modern furnished room for one. 135 South Eighth street. 9 4 7

FOR RENT—Six room house, all modern except heat, at 508 South Tenth street. Inquire at 946 Division. 9 4 7

FOR RENT—Five nice large rooms. $7.00. Inquire, 624 So. 3rd. 8 28 9 9

FOR RENT — Modern flat. Nels Thompson, 133 South Fourth St. 8 24 tf

FOR RENT—Small house, gas, newly papered, large yard for garden. 733 North Eleventh. 9 4 7

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR THE BEST GRADE of gasoline and oil engines, engineering equipments, pumps, implements and vehicles, see the Castle Engineering Co., 325-327 Jay street. 3 24 tf

WANTED—To do washing and housecleaning. Call new phone 1453-M. 9 3 9

PAY A DOLLAR A MONTH into Fourth Building Association and see how it works. 8 12 tf

UMBRELLAS REPAIRED and recovered. 811 South Sixth. New phone 1089-R. 9 1 6

WANTED—Housework. I am attending school and want a place to work for my board. Can begin Monday or Tuesday. Address S. C., care Tribune. 9 4 6

WANTED TO RENT—Farm near La Crosse or Sparta, 80 acres cash or 160 acres on shares. Reference Farmers' and Merchants' bank, Preston, Minn. H. Phippen, R 2., Preston, Minn. 9 4 8

Public Stenographic Office, dictation, typewriting. R.1 Bat. B'k bldg. N 762 8 10 9 9

LOST

LOST—Brown folding pocketbook with notes, checks and $5.00 in money in front of Home restaurant, 118 South Fifth street. Finder can keep the money if they will return the rest at Home restaurant. 9 6 tf

LOST—Small black purse containing small change and two keys. Return to 932 Mississippi. Reward. 9 6 7

LOST—A black ribbon watch fob, with a gold key. Return for reward to H. A. Taylor, 2628 Fifth avenue South, Minneapolis. 9 4 6

LOST—Mesh bag containing $5 bill, 1400 block on Kane. 1407 Kane. Reward. 9 4 6

Stoves and Furniture

SECOND-HAND furniture & Stoves. Bell Furniture Co., 216 So. Third. 3 17 tf

CUT RATE SHIPPING

CUT RATES on household goods to Pacific coast and other points, superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Ostrich Plume Cleaners

OSTRICH PLUMES dyed, cleaned and curled. 332 Cass street, flat B. New phone 588-M. 8 5 9 4

FINANCIAL

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and diamonds. La Crosse Loan Co., 320 Main street, upstairs. 9 9 tf

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO COUNTY COURT.

State of Wisconsin, County Court, La Crosse County, ss.—In Probate.

Notice is hereby gievn that at a special term of the County Court, to be held in and for said County, at the Court House, in the City of La Crosse, in said County, on the third Tuesday, being the 21st day of September, A. D. 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of James Thompson, administrator of the estate of Olaus Olson, late of the City of La Crosse, in said County of La Crosse, deceased, for the adjustment, settlement and allowance of his final account as such administrator, and for the assignment of the residue of the estate of said deceased to such persons as are entitled to the same.

By order of the Court,
JOHN BRINDLEY,
County Judge.

Notice of Application to County Court

State of Wisconsin, County Court, La Crosse County, ss.—In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the County Court, to be held in and for said County, at the Court House, in the City of La Crosse, in said County, on the fourth Tuesday, being the 28th day of September A. D., 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Jos. A. Bartl and Edw. Bartl, executors of the last will and testament of Franz Bartl, late of the City of La Crosse, in said county of La Crosse, deceased, for the adjustment, settlement and allowance of their final acount as such executors and for the assignment, of the residue of the estate of said deceased to such persons as are entitled to the same and the adjustment and determination of the inheritance tax therein.

By order of the Court,
JOHN BRINDLEY, County Judge.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

The undersigned Committee on Buildings and Grounds will meet at the County Clerk's Office, Saturday, September 11, 1915, at 10 o'clock a. m., to receive sealed bids for furnishing fuel at the Court House, Jail and Poor Farm. In submitting bids, contractors must specify the grades and kinds of coal that they will furnish at a given price. 200 tons more or less to be delivered at the jail and Court House. 100 tons more or less on track at Poor Farm.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

J. H. MORAN,
A. C. KAYLOR,
JOHN L. ASH,
Buildings and Grounds Committee,
La Crosse, Wisconsin.

Summons—With Return

Circuit Court, La Crosse County, Cora E. Martelle, Plaintiff, vs. Lawrence E. Martelle, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin—to the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you, according to the demand of the complaint, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court.

L. KLEEBER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
107 North Fourth street, La Crosse, La Crosse County, Wis.

LAY PLANS FOR WISCONSIN DAY AT LIBERTY MEET

Milwaukee Colored Lawyer Will Be One of Speakers at Centennial of Negro Freedom

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 6.—Plans for the observance of Wisconsin day at the semi-centennial celebration of negro freedom, at the Coliseum in Chicago, are nearly complete, according to Samuel R. Banks of this city, secretary of the Wisconsin commission to the exposition. The date is September 9, and arrangements have been made for special trains from Milwaukee and Madison. The Madison train will run through Evansville, Janesville, Beloit and other cities. Both will be on the Milwaukee road. William Simmons will have charge of the Milwaukee excursion, and J. Anthony Josey, Madison, of the Madison train.

Speakers for the day will include George H. De Reef, Milwaukee colored lawyer, and Rev. Jesse Woods, Milwaukee. Governor Philipp has been asked to attend, but if prevented on that day will endeavor to visit the exhibition later. It is hoped that persons of all colors and creeds will visit the Coliseum on Wisconsin day.

Wisconsin set aside $2,500 for an exhibit of the accomplishments of her colored population. According to Secretary Banks, more has been done for the amount available than by any other state, and all states in the union are represented. He stated that few people have an adequate conception of the completeness and actual worth of the Wisconsin exhibits. More than any other state Wisconsin has displayed the agricultural accomplishments of her colored population. In industrial lines, the arts and crafts and other ways this state is also a leader. Wisconsin's colored population is estimated at over 5,000.

Edward J. Morris, a talented colored electrician of Milwaukee, has a model electric-lighted house on exhibit. L. Butler, a Beloit youth, has a model of a large airship. The whole building contains an exhibit no more demonstrative of negro possibilities than that of the Catholic colored school, St. Benedict the Moor, of Milwaukee. The eighty or more children in this school, most of them dependents, are taught trades of all kinds, and the exhibit of their products at the Coliseum is one of the wonders of the exposition, according to Mr. Banks. The children started their exhibit as their own enterprise, but now has the aid of state money and is making a decidedly creditable showing.

The commission, besides Mr. Banks, consists of S. R. Cook, Neenah, and G. P. Hambrecht, Madison.

DAILY MARKETS

Wholesale
(Quoted by John C. Burns.)

Pears, Cal., Bartletts, box	$1.75-1.90
Watermelons	20 to 25c
Celery, dozen	15 to 20c
Bananas, bunch	$3.00
Lemons, Sunkist, uer box	$3.50
Oranges, fancy Valencias	$5.00
Cider, pure juice, half bbl.	$4.00
Cider, steam refined, bbl.	$6.50
Cider, pure juice, bbl.	$6.00
Cider, crab apple, half bbl.	$5.50
Cider, steam refined, half bbl.	$4.25
Plums, Asst.	$1.25
Peaches, box	70 to 80c

Livestock
(Quoted by Farmers' Co-operative Packing Company.)

Hogs	$6.50 to $7.00
Cows	$3.00 to $5.00
Steers	$4.00 to $7.00
Heifers	$3.50 to $5.50
Sheep	$3.50 to $4.50
Spring lambs	$6.00 to $6.50

Poultry

Chickens	10 to 11c
Turkeys	12½c
Ducks	10c
Geese	9c

Provisions

Lard, per pound	10 to 10½c
Shoulders	11c
Picnics, per pound	11c
Bacon, per pound	15 to 22c
Ham, per pound	14 to 15c
Dried beef, per pound	18 to 22c

Flour and Feed
(Quoted by Listman Mill Co.)

Patent, per barrel	$6.10
Straight, per barrel	$5.90

Mill Feed

Bran, per ton, 100 lb. sacks	$25.00
Shorts, ton, 100 lb. sacks	$28.00
White middlings, per ton, 100 pound sacks	$33.00
Red Dog, ton, 100 lb. sacks	$35.00

Grain
(Quoted by Farmers' Co-operative Market Co.)

Corn	75 to 85c
Oats	35 to 38c
Wheat	$1.00 to $1.15
Rye	90 to 95c
Barley	75 to 80c

Butter and Eggs
(Quoted by Hawley Co. Co.)

Creamery butter, pound	25 to 27c
Dairy butter, pound	25c
Eggs, fresh, dozen	22c

BARNS AND HOMES SUFFER MOST FROM STATE FIRE LOSS

Two-thirds of the Numbers of Fire and Half Total Loss Dwellings and Barns

MADISON, Wis., Sept 6.—About two-thirds of the number of fires and one-half of the total losses in Wisconsin are on dwellings and barns. This is one of the interesting facts brought out in the annual report of the state fire marshal's department just made public by Commissioner of Insurance M. J. Cleary, who, under the new law, is made ex-officio state fire marshal. During the fiscal year, 3,123 fires were reported in the state, with a total fire loss of $4,364,195, and of these fires 2,028 were on dwellings and barns, with a total property damage of $2,323,415. As dwelling houses and barns are considered preferred risks in insurance, because of the practical absence of the moral hazard, these figures are significant. They emphasize the importance of greater care in construction and housekeeping, since the great majority of such fires and the consequent loss are preventable, being due to carelessness, defective building, heating agencies, etc.

WANTED
TWO OR THREE BOYS

for janitor work in exchange for a business education. Business course, shorthand course or both courses. Call at the Wisconsin Business University 8:30 a. m. to 5:00 p. m.

WISCONSIN LOSING UNWORTHY SIRES

"Plug" Stallions Disappear and Horse Breeding Makes Rapid Advance in the State

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 6.—Despite a somewhat depressed condition of the horse breeding industry during the past year, substantial progress is being made by Wisconsin horsemen.

The forthcoming annual report of the department of horsebreeding, University of Wisconsin, compiled by Dr. A. S. Alexander, will show among other things that in very many of the counties undesirable sires are being retired at a gratifying rate.

In 1907 the percentage of grade and scrub stallions was 65. Now it is 41.8 compared with 45 in 1914. The pure bred stallions of the state now number 1,771; the grades 913, and scrubs 345. Grades numbered 1,019 and scrubs 404 in 1914.

Since 1907 pure bred stallions have increased in sixty, decreased in nine, and remained the same in two counties. During the same time grade and scrub stallions have decreased in eleven, and remained the same in four counties. Notable increases of pure bred stallions since 1907 have been: Twenty-eight head in Barron county, twenty-six in Brown, twenty-four in Walworth and Monroe each, twenty-two in Chippewa, and twenty-one in St. Croix. The most notable decreases in grade and scrub stallions have been sixty-nine head in Grant county, fifty-six in Dane, forty-five in Monroe, thirty each in Brown and Manitowoc, twenty-eight in Fond du Lac, and twenty-five in Lafayette and Trempealeau.

Of the draft breeds, the Percherons outnumber all others, there being 1,052 of this type, 166 Belgians, seventy-four Clydesdales, sixty-four French drafts, forty-six Shires, and one Suffock.

Heretofore American horsemen have depended to a large extent upon the breeders of foreign countries for the improvement of their studs. It is expected that in the future the home bred animal will be in greater demand. Wisconsin, because of its excellent climatic and soil conditions, can be depended upon to produce horses which will equal those raised anywhere.

CHICAGOAN NEW GOLF CHAMPION

DETROIT, Mich., ept. 6.—Robert Gardner, of the Hinsdale Country club, of Chicago, is amateur golf champion of the United States for the second time. He won the crown Saturday when he defeated John G. Anderson, of New York, by the overwhelming card of five and four. Gardner outdrove Anderson throughout the game, and in the afternoon came from behind and gave the easterner a terrific lacing. The east and west have now each won the national title three times.

WINSLOW JOINS CAMP

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Business men soldiers at the Fort Sheridan camp will be permitted to dictate letters and attend to other business with their secretaries after the day's work of soldiering is through it was announced by Col. Frederick Saturday. Secretaries will be permitted to enter the camp each evening.

Applicants accepted Saturday included: C. P. Winslow, Madison, Wis.

WANTED

To hire four Second Hand Ford Autos. Reliable firm. Best references. Address Ford, care this office. 8 28 tf

Have our machine department do your machine work. Complete equipment. Prices reasonable.

Castle Engineering Co.,
325-327 Jay Street

6 per cent—SURE—6 per cent

Am offering, for the first time, coupon notes in denominations of $100 to $1,000, secured by real estate and guaranteed by a Corporation with over $300,000 net assets. S. W. ANDERSON.

WHEAT IS COMING BACK AMONG THE STATE CROP LIST

Heavy Yielding Strains Developed and Rotation Is Figured Out to Save the Soil

ASHLAND, Wis., Sept. 6.—Wheat is to be put back upon the crop list of the Badger state.

Heavy yielding strains have been developed and systems of crop rotation are being recommended which will permit of the growing of this cereal without damage to the soil.

Pedigree No. 208 is one of the types of winter wheat bred upon the Ashland branch experiment station which is yielding well not only upon the clays of the Lake Superior country but in certain other districts of the state. One Bayfield county farmer reports the yield of 123½ bushels of this strain on a three-acre piece. The wheat weighs 65 pounds to the measured bushel. This variety has been quite widely disseminated throughout the northern part of the state and has also given very satisfactory results further south. Former Assemblyman H. K. Krueger of Lodge county reports a yield of 47 bushels per acre, machine measure. This record is the best made upon the Krueger farm.

A considerable number of farmers in upper Wisconsin will put in winter wheat this year, and it is expected that this variety will be a favorite.

WOMAN KILLS WOLF

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sept. 6.—Attacking a wolf that had been stealing her chickens, Mrs. James Brozik, wife of a homesteader, early Saturday overcame the animal and slew it with a club and stones.

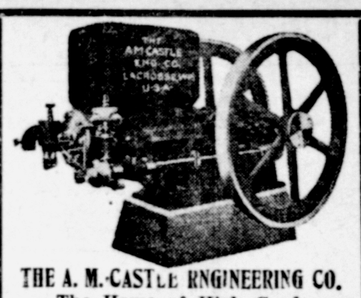
Incidentally, the thought that is recommended as a preliminary to speech may cause truth to be crushed to earth.

Watch This Space

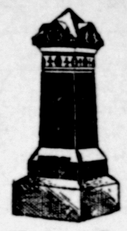
Funkes Chocolates
PURE
WHOLESOME
DELICIOUS



"Nuff Sed"
See Our New FALL STYLES.
La Crosse Hat Works,
526 Main



THE A. M. CASTLE ENGINEERING CO.
The Home of High Grade
OIL ENGINES, PUMPS,
IMPLEMENTS, VEHICLES
Office 325-327 Jay Street
Warehouse, 120-122 So. Front St.



See What You Buy
We Carry The Largest Stock In La Crosse
Hynne-Benrud Granite Co.
414 SOUTH THIRD STREET
Opposite Oak Grove Cemetery Entrance

Watch This Space



STODDARD HOTEL
The only absolutely first class
FIREPROOF
hotel in La Crosse.

CIGARS
POCKET BILLIARDS
BILLIARDS
ROTH'S
535 Main Street

COLLECTIONS
WE GET THE MONEY FOR YOU
CATEWAY
Mercantile Agency
322 Main. New Phone 1770

PLUMBING
HEATING AND VACUUM CLEANERS
THILL-MANNING-WHALEN CO.
512-514 STATE STREET
Both Phones 214

BRING Your Shoes to LANGDON'S
Quick Repairs
Union Shop
Hand made Moccasins
"Foot Ease" Arches
429 Jay St.



GEO. EGELBERG
Maker of
Upholstered Furniture
Expert Furniture Repairs of all kinds.
144 South Sixth. Phone 832-R

RUGS
All sizes and patterns.
Room sizes at bargain prices.
ANDERSON CARPET CO.
J. O. Elsather, Proprietor.
220 MAIN STREET
Phones: New 1756-R; Old 5081

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Wisconsin Fur Co.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
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Elbertson & Drake
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND LICENSED EMBALMERS
New Phone 43. Old Phone 482
320 South Fourth Street

A. A. LIEBENFELD A&L PRINTING CO.
The Sign of Good Printing
209 Main Street
Phones 218

DREAM OF BULGAR QUEEN IS NATIONAL SYSTEM OF CHARITY

Queen Eleanore, at Present a Red Cross Nurse, Works Untiringly for Betterment

WILL VISIT THIS COUNTRY

American System of Taking Care of Dependent and Defective to Be Studied

BY HENRY WOOD

(United Press Staff Correspondent)
(Copyright, 1915 by the United Press. Copyright in Great Britain)

SOPHIA, Bulgaria, July 27—(By mail to Nish, to Rome, to London, to New York.)—The woman who is queen of Bulgaria has an interesting message for the women of the United States. It is that all who possibly can should learn the Red Cross work. Queen Eleanora, who by reason of her work as a nurse on the actual field of battle in the Russo-Japanese war and the two Balkan wars has been called another Florence Nightingale, talks in a way familiar to American readers. Her message is such as might come from one of the American women who have won their place in world affairs. And this is not strange, for Bulgaria sometimes is called the America of the Balkans.

The queen was gracious when the request for an authorized interview was presented. Through an intermediary she granted it.

To appreciate the authority with which her majesty speaks—her subject is that of women's work in war—American readers should know that she spent years of preparation in the leading hospitals of Europe, served there for fourteen months at the head of the Russian Imperial Ambulance in Manchuria during the war with Japan, prepared further for the work and served her own country when the Balkan wars began. She worked not only in the hospitals, but under the enemy's fire at the front. The gratitude of the army and the nation was supplemented by military decorations awarded solely for personal bravery.

Since the outbreak of the present war and the strong prospect that Bulgaria may be drawn into it, she has worked unceasingly to perfect Bulgaria's Red Cross and hospital facilities.

Her statement to the United Press follows:

"After her natural role of mother, no greater, no nobler, and no more important field of usefulness is held out to the woman of today than that of the Red Cross or its auxiliary work. Only a woman who has known personally all the horrors of modern warfare can grasp what this field really means. And strange as it may seem, the field today is larger and more pressing than ever before. With all the perfected means of wholesale destruction which modern warfare has at its command, the preparations the world over for caring for the wounded have become very inadequate.

"What nobler work can there be than that of saving human life? No woman of today who seeks a life of usefulness to the world should have difficulty in knowing which way to turn to.

"My one wish is to awaken not only in Bulgaria but in all other countries a realization on the part of the women of the role which they have to perform in that greatest tragedy of human existence—a war. Wonderful as has been the preparation of the Red Cross and auxiliary societies up to date, yet the exigencies of modern warfare have demonstrated that it is quite inadequate.

"Here in Bulgaria we are now solving the problem in the manner in which our experience has taught us it can best be met. This is by the establishment of training schools for nurses and the organizing of auxiliary societies to the Red Cross. Why, indeed, should not every woman in the world have an adequate training for this service. Is it not a duty that woman owes to the state just as much as the military service that is rendered by the man? But if it is asking too much that all women should be prepared for this work, there are thousands at least of young women in every country who can well undertake it. For these, all the strictness and requirements of the full Red Cross service are perhaps too much, but there is nothing to hinder a preparation that will enable them to contribute their full share towards the alleviation of the horrors of war should the moment ever come when their services may be needed.

"It was largely the desire to study your own American schools for the training of nurses that prompted my plans last year for visiting the United States, but which the clouded international horizon at the time forced me temporarily to abandon. But that is a dream which I expect yet to realize and in the meantime through the aid of the Red Cross unit which the American society has sent us, we are proceeding rapidly with our reorganization in Bulgaria.

"Of course my plans to study at first hand your American hospitals and especially your hospital organizations in remote districts far from the big centers of population, was only one of the objects of my expected visit.

"Next in importance was to have been the study of your charity organization and above all of your national, state and municipal care of the unfortunate. Beginning as Bulgaria is, an entirely new country, we want to establish its charity system, which of course has become a recognized duty of every state, on the most advanced lines that have been developed. These we are certain we would find in America. Your blind, your deaf, your poor, your crippled, your mentally deficient, we want to know how you care for them. True, the number of our unfortunate is not gfreat, but this duty of the state towards them we want to perform in the fullest manner that modern method and science have devised.

"And then, the third and last great object of my visit was to have been the study of your problem of immigrants. How that could be of service to Bulgaria you perhaps do not see. But our problem of refugees must be very similar to your problem of immigrants. From the districts of Macedonia, Thrace, Roumania and Bessarabia where the Bulgarian population is in the majority, but which are not yet united to the common fatherland, hundreds of thousands of our countrymen flock to us to escape the foreign yoke. They come to us without money, without work, without trades and with only the few clothes that cover their poor bodies. Their arrival I am sure is analogous to the arrival in America of thousands of immigrants, and that is why I desire to study your solution of the problem, and especially of your distribution of them throughout the country. What do you do with them? How do you find work for them? How do you keep them from congesting communities that cannot maintain them?

"Of course, many of our problems here have been a direct result of war. Like every other true woman it is my deepest hope that the end of the present conflict which is devastating the European countries of that greatest of national assets—the men—will give us a long if not a permanent peace. This I am confident will be accomplished by the elimination in the readjustment of Europe of the past causes of war, and especially of that greatest of all causes, the lack of national unity. The nations of Europe who have poured out their own blood in the present conflict for the attainment of their national ideals will, I am confident, not leave unsettled such problems that may at some future period again reopen the conflict.

"And it is when that period of peace has come that I shall hope at last to visit America. Do you know that every American visitor who comes to study our people declares that the Bulgarians are the Americans of Europe? And do you know also that English is one of the most common foreign languages amongst our people? Your American missionary schools here have rendered the language as common amongst our poorer classes as your Roberts college and your college for girls at Constantinople have rendered it general amongst our more cultured people. And with the introduction in Bulgaria of all that is best in your American system of charity organization, I am certain that more lasting and more important ties than ever will have been established between us."

SPORT NEWS

FAVORITES TURN IN LOW SCORES IN QUALIFYING

Van Auken and Gordon Tie for Low Score in Preliminary to Colman Cup Play

Playing true to form, George L. Van Auken and Robert Gordon on Saturday tied for low score in the qualifying round in play for the Colman cup. Should Van Auken win the event this year he will be permanent possessor of the cup, having won last year and the year before. Gordon has won the cup once. George W. Burton and F. H. Hankerson have won it twice each, a win for either making him permanent possessor of the trophy.

Pairings for the first round of match play this morning were:

First Flight

G. Van Auken vs. Hirshheimer; R. Gordon vs. J. M. Hixon; Niemeyer vs. James; F. P. Hixon vs. Schweizer; Hankerson vs. C. S. Van Auken; Tourtellotte vs. Miner; Burton vs. H. Gordon; P. M. Gelatt vs. Colman.

Second Flight

Funke vs. Holey; A. A. Gelatt vs. Gran; Rowlison vs. Moore; Van Steenwyk vs. Farnam; Felber vs. Goetzmann; Iden vs. Spence; Law vs. O'Connell; Michel vs. Levis.

Winners of the round were to play this afternoon. Semi-finals will be played during the week and the winner of the trophy will be determined on Saturday.

Saturday's scores:

First Flight

George L. Van Auken	80
Robert D. Gordon	80
Emil Niemeyer	81
F. P. Hixon	83
F. H. Hankerson	85
A. M. Tourtellotte	87
G. W. Burton	87
P. M. Gelatt	88
H. J. Hirshheimer	93
J. M. Hixon	93
Alfred James	95
C. H. Schweizer	96
C. S. Van Auken	97
Bert Miner	99
G. H. Gordon	100
E. L. Colman	101

Second Flight

J. B. Funke	101
A. A. Gelatt	102
C. C. Rowlison	102
C. J. Felber	104
W. D. Iden	104
G. Van Steenwyk	105
D. S. Law	105
C. F. Michel	106
A. C. Gran	108
H. K. Holley	109
J. R. Moore	109
A. S. Farnam	111
A. L. Goetzmann	112
T. H. Spence	112
B. O'Connell	114
C. W. Levis	117

WATCHING THE SCOREBOARD

BY HAL SHERIDAN
(Written for the United Press.)

Today is Labor day—for the athletes. They are billed to labor both morning and afternoon.

Big Ed Walsh proves that his other victory this season was not exactly a fluke by holding the Indians to five hits and winning hands down.

It's barely possible that if "Big Ed" had been worked a little oftener this season, the White Sox would not be gazing upward at the Tigers and Red Sox today.

Honus Wagner and Bill Hinchman, both grizzled veterans, led an attack on the Cubs that should make von Hindenburg purple with envy.

The Dutchman got a homer, a double and two singles; Bill got three singles while Jimmy Viox trailed along with a triple and a pair of singles. Not bad for one day.

The Tigers gained a full game on the Red Sox at the expense of Branch Rickey's crew. George Sisler pitched the first game and lost, but got a home run and a single. The next game, Mr. Sisler hops over to first base where he plays errorless ball, gets three hits and steals a base.

Young Mr. Hoff, pitching for the Browns, passed Cobb, Crawford and Veach in succession. He's got swell judgment and a lot of caution. Probably he wanted to keep the ball and save himself from injury.

The Sloufeds pulled down the Pittfeds' lead by blanking them. Tobin got a home run.

WALSH WINS ONE FOR WHITE HOSE

Veteran Pitches in Old-time Form for Win After First Had Been Lost

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Indians 6-2; Sox 0-4

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—The White Sox and Cleveland halved a doubleheader yesterday. Ed Walsh pitched in old-time form in the closing contest and would not have been scored on but for errors behind him in the eighth.

First game:	R	H	E
Cleveland . . .000102300—	6	9	1
Chicago . . .000000000—	0	8	3

Batteries: Coumbe and O'Neil; Scott, Davis and Schalk.

Second game:	R	H	E
Cleveland . . .000000020—	2	6	3
Chicago . . .10200100x—	4	6	1

Batteries: Morton, Carter and O'Neil; Walsh and Schalk.

Tigers 6-4; Browns 5-2

First game:	R	H	E
Detroit . . .105000000—	6	11	2
St. Louis . . .101030000—	5	12	0

Batteries: James, Oldham and Stanage; Sisler and Severoid.

Second game:	R	H	E
Detroit . . .0000000202—	4	8	1
St. Louis . . .1001000000—	2	7	2

Batteries: Coveleskie and Stanage; Hoff and Agnew.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pirates 13; Cubs 2

The score:	R	H	E
Chicago . . .000000002—	2	8	3
Pittsburgh . .300161020—	13	18	2

Batteries: Cooper and Gibson; Adams, Zabel, Hargraves and Farrell.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Newark 8-2; Baltimore 5-3

First game:	R	H	E
Baltimore . . .010004000—	5	10	4
Newark 00004121x—	8	16	4

Batteries: Bailey; Leclaire and Owens; Moran, Kaiserling and Rariden.

Second game:	R	H	E
Baltimore . . .000000030—	3	4	0
Newark 100000010—	2	5	1

Batteries: Young, Johnson and Owens; Billiard, Mosely, Kaiserling and Rariden.

St. Louis 6; Pittsburgh 0

The score:	D	H	E
Pittsburgh . .000000000—	0	5	4
St. Louis . . .05010000x—	6	8	1

Batteries: Comstock, Hearne and Berry; Davenport and Hartley.

Whales 6; K. C. 1

Chicago . . .030020100—	6	14	1
Kansas City . .000000001—	1	4	3

Batteries: Brown and Wilson; Johnson, Adams and Easterly.

NET SEMI-FINALS ON

FOREST HILLS, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The four best tennis players in the country—Maurice E. McLoughlin, Champion R. Norris Williams, William M. Johnston and T. R. Pell will clash here today in the semi-finals of the national tournament. McLoughlin plays Pell and Williams meets Johnston and tomorrow will see the championship tilt.

MAJESTICS TO BROWNSVILLE

The Majestics of La Crosse go to Brownsville today, where they are billed to provide the holiday diamond bargain for the down river villagers, clashing with the Brownsville Sluggers.

BRAVES IN SECOND

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—By defeating Brooklyn again on Saturday the Boston Braves moved into second place in the National league pennant race, forcing the Superbas into third place.

SCHELLHAS GIVE LABOR DAY BILL

Winona Players Meet Athletes at League Park Today; Tomah Beaten Sunday

The Winona Schellhas team, leaders by half a game of the Mississippi Valley league, play at League park this afternoon. The game will be called at three o'clock. They will oppose the Athletes, for whom either Anderson or Copsey will throw.

Athletes Beat Tomah

The W. B. U. Athletes yesterday fell on the offerings of Newby of Tomah for a total of ten hits and as many runs in the Sunday pastime at League park. Krause, throwing for the Athletes, had a good day in the box, whiffing ten. Newby struck out twelve and should have had a better score to his credit. The five hits of the Tomahites were scattered.

The score:	R	H	E
Tomah . . .000000000—	0	5	4
Athletes . . .31420000x—	10	10	1

Batteries: Newby, Woods and Benjamin; Krause and Satek.

EARL COOPER IS SPEEDWAY VICTOR

Gil Anderson Bested by One Second in First Race on Twin City Track

ST. PAUL, Min., Sept. 6.—Crossing the line but one second ahead of his teammate, Gil Anderson, Earl Cooper Saturday won the first 500 mile speedway derby on the new Twin city track in 5:47:29, at an average speed of 86:38 miles per hour.

Standing of Clubs

	W.	L.	Pct.
American League			
Boston	83	39	.681
Detroit	85	45	.654
Chicago	75	53	.587
Washington	65	58	.528
New York	56	65	.462
Cleveland	50	77	.395
St. Louis	50	78	.391
Philadelphia	36	84	.306
National League			
Philadelphia	60	53	.566
Boston	66	55	.546
Brooklyn	67	59	.532
St. Louis	61	61	.500
Chicago	60	63	.488
Pittsburg	63	68	.481
New York	57	64	.471
Cincinnati	56	68	.451
Federal League			
Pittsburg	73	55	.570
Newark	67	55	.549
St. Louis	69	58	.543
Chicago	68	61	.537
Kansas City	67	60	.527
Buffalo	63	68	.481
Brooklyn	59	69	.461
Baltimore	43	81	.347
American Association			
Minneapolis	83	55	.601
St. Paul	80	56	.588
Louisville	68	58	.562
Kansas City	67	68	.495
Indianapolis	63	65	.490
Milwaukee	61	72	.459
Cleveland	58	71	.450
Columbus	50	81	.383

GAMES TODAY

American League

Cleveland at Chicago, two games.
St. Louis at Detroit, two games.
Washington at Philadelphia, two games.

National League

Philadelphia at Brooklyn, two games.
Boston at New York, two games.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg, two games.
Chicago at St. Louis, two games.

Federal League

Chicago at St. Louis, two games.
Pittsburg at Kansas City, two games.
Baltimore at Buffalo, two games.
Newark at Brooklyn.

American Association

Kansas City at Milwaukee, two games.
Louisville at Indianapolis, two games.
Cleveland at Columbus.
Minneapolis at St. Paul, two games.

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